

VICTUS EUROPEAN STUDENT ACCOMMODATION FUND IC LIMITED
(the "Company")
Registration Number: 56015

Registered Office Address: 11 New Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 2PF

NOTICE OF 2019 ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 2019 Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Company's registered office on 20 March 2020 at 10.00 hours to transact the business set out in the following Resolutions.

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS

1. To receive the Company's Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 August 2018.
2. To re-appoint Mr Mark McNicholas as a Director of the Company in accordance with Article 37.4
3. To re-appoint Saffery Champness as auditor of the Company until the conclusion of the next general meeting at which accounts are laid before the Company.
4. To authorise the Directors of the Company to determine the remuneration of the auditor.
5. To approve the remuneration of the Directors in accordance with Article 38.1.

By Order of the Board
Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited
Secretary

6 March 2020

Please see attached notes:

Notes:

1. A Shareholder entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to exercise all or any of this rights to attend and to speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting. A Shareholder may appoint more than one proxy in relation to a meeting to exercise the rights attached to different shares. A proxy need not also be a Shareholder. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the proxy form.
2. A form of proxy is attached which, if required, should be completed in accordance with the instructions.
3. A proxy does not need to be a member of the Company but must attend the meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the Chairman of the meeting or another person as your proxy using the proxy form are set out in the notes to the proxy form. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the meeting you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the Chairman or Secretary) and give your instructions directly to them.

If you do not intend to attend the meeting, please complete and return the form of proxy as soon as possible.

4. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (in the case of a corporation either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer of attorney so authorised) (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney, in order to be valid, must be deposited at the offices of the Administrator, PO Box 91, 11 New Street, St Peter Port Guernsey, GY1 2PF no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the Annual General Meeting (or any adjourned meeting). The lodging of a form of proxy by a Shareholder does not prevent the Shareholder from attending and voting if they wish. If you have appointed a proxy and attend the meeting in person, your proxy appointment will automatically be terminated.
5. A form of proxy for use at the Annual General Meeting and which will remain valid for any adjournment thereof is enclosed. The notes to the proxy form explain how to direct your proxy to vote on each resolution or withhold their vote.
6. To change your proxy instructions simply submit a new proxy form using the methods set out above and in the notes to the proxy form. Note that the cut-off date and time for the receipt of a proxy form (see above) also apply in relation to amended instructions; any amended proxy form received after the relevant cut-off date and time will be disregarded. If you submit more than one proxy form, the form received last before the latest time for the receipt of the proxies will take precedence.

The quorum necessary for the Annual General Meeting shall be two or more holders holding 5% or more of the voting rights available present or represented by proxy. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the Annual General Meeting a quorum is not present, the Annual General Meeting shall be adjourned for one week until 27 March 2020 to be held at the same place and at the same time and no further notice will be given. At any such adjourned meeting those holders of shares of the Company who are present shall be a quorum.

VICTUS EUROPEAN STUDENT ACCOMMODATION FUND IC LIMITED
(the "Company")
Registration Number: 56015

Registered Office Address: 11 New Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 2PF

Form of Proxy for use by Shareholders at the 2019 Annual General Meeting of the Company as set out in the notice of the meeting scheduled to be held on 20 March 2020 at 10.00 hours.

We,.....

of

hereby appoint the Chairman/Secretary of the Meeting (*see note 2 below*) or:

.....

as my/our proxy to attend, and on a poll, to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the sixth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 20 March 2020 and at any adjournment thereof.

I/we wish my/our proxy to vote as indicated below in respect of the ordinary resolutions to be proposed at the meeting. *Please indicate which way you wish your proxy to vote by ticking the appropriate box alongside each resolution (see note 3 below).*

| Ordinary Resolutions | For | Against | Abstain |
|--|------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. To receive the Company's Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 August 2018. | | | |
| 2. To re-appoint Mr Mark McNicholas as a Director of the Company in accordance with Article 37.4 | | | |
| 3. To re-appoint Saffery Champness as auditor of the Company until the conclusion of the next general meeting at which accounts are laid before the Company. | | | |
| 4. To authorise the Directors of the Company to determine the remuneration of the auditor. | | | |
| 5. To approve the remuneration of the Directors in accordance with Article 38.1 | | | |

Signature (*see note 1 attached*)

Date

Please see attached notes:

Notes

1. In the case of joint holdings the signature of any holder is sufficient but the vote of the senior holder who tenders a vote (whether in person or by proxy) shall be accepted to the exclusion of the other joint holders; for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.
2. If you wish to appoint a proxy other than the Chairman or Secretary of the meeting you should delete the words "the Chairman and/or the Secretary of the Meeting", insert your own choice in the space provided and initial the amendment. A proxy need not be a member of the Company but must attend the meeting to represent you. If you sign and return this proxy form with no name inserted in the box, the Chairman or Secretary of the meeting will be deemed to be your proxy. Where you appoint as your proxy someone other than the Chairman or Secretary, you are responsible for ensuring that they attend the meeting and are aware of your voting intentions. If you wish your proxy to make any comments on your behalf, you will need to appoint someone other than the Chairman or Secretary and give them the relevant instructions directly.
3. Please indicate by marking "X" in the appropriate space how you wish your votes to be cast. Unless so instructed the proxy will vote or abstain as he/she thinks fit. You may, if you wish, vote on some of your shares or split your vote. Unless you specify otherwise a vote in favour or against a resolution will be deemed to be a vote in respect of all the shares registered in your name.
4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a corporation either under the common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney so authorised.
5. As a member of the Company you are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of your rights to attend, speak and vote at a general meeting of the Company. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes.
6. Appointment of a proxy does not preclude you from attending the meeting and voting in person. If you have appointed a proxy and attend the meeting in person, your proxy appointment will automatically be terminated.
7. The member of the Company may appoint more than one proxy in relation to the Annual General Meeting provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy you may photocopy this form. Please indicate the proxy holder's name and the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy (which, in aggregated should not exceed the total number of shares held by you). Please also indicate if the proxy form is one of multiple instructions given. All forms must be signed and should be returned together in the same envelope. A failure to specify the number of shares each proxy appointment relates to or specifying a number in excess of those held by you may result in the appointment being invalid.
8. Any instrument appointing a proxy or power of attorney or any other authority under which the proxy form is signed (or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the proxy form.
9. If you submit more than one valid proxy appointment, the appointment received last before the latest time for the receipt of proxies will take precedence.
10. For details of how to change your proxy instructions or revoke your proxy appointment please see the notes to the notice of the meeting.

Upon completion please return this Form of Proxy to the offices of the Administrator at PO Box 91, 11 New Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 2PF to arrive no later than 48 hours before the scheduled start of the meeting.

Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited
(Registered number: 56015)

Annual Report and Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2018

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Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited

Officers and Professional Advisors

Directors

Kerry-Anne Marais
James Metcalf (resigned on 23 February 2018)
Edward Kisala
Mark McNicholas (appointed on 17 April 2018)

Registered Office

11 New Street
St Peter Port
Guernsey
GY1 2PF

Designated Manager, Administrator, Registrar and Secretary

Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited
11 New Street
St Peter Port
Guernsey
GY1 3PF

Property Manager

Prime Student Living Limited
Manchester International Office Centre
Suite 3D
Styal Road
Manchester
M22 5WB

Property Advisor

Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited
Second Floor
La Plaiderie Chambers
La Plaiderie
St Peter Port
Guernsey
GY1 1WG

Promoter

Crosslane Fund Managers LLP
Manchester International Office Centre
Suite 3D
Styal Road
Manchester
M22 5WB

Custodian and Principal Bankers

Royal Bank of Canada (Channel Islands) Limited
Canada Court
Upland Road
St Peter Port
Guernsey
GY1 3BQ

Valuation Agent - UK Portfolio

CBRE Limited
55 Temple Row
Birmingham
B2 5LS

Valuation Agent - European Portfolio

Savills (UK) Limited
33 Margaret Street
London
W1G 0JD

Legal Advisor as to the laws of Guernsey

Appleby (Guernsey) LLP
Regency Court
Gategny Esplanade
St Peter Port
Guernsey
GY1 1WW

Legal Advisor as to the laws of England

Squire Patton Boggs (UK) LLP
6 Wellington Place
Leeds
England
LS1 4AP

Tax Accountants

PricewaterhouseCoopers CI LLP
Royal Bank Place
1 Gategny Esplanade
St Peter Port
Guernsey
GY1 4ND

Independent Auditor

Saffery Champness
PO Box 141
La Tonnelle House
Les Banques
St Sampson
Guernsey
GY1 3HS

Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited

Company Summary

The Company

Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited (the "Company") is an open-ended investment company established as an incorporated cell of Victus Capital ICC Limited (the "ICC") under the provisions of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 as amended (the "Companies Law"). The ICC is a registered open-ended investment scheme registered pursuant to the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987, and the Registered Collective Investment Scheme Rules 2008 issued by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission.

Objective

The Company was established to take advantage of the developing European student accommodation sector and to provide investors with exposure to this evolving market. The objective of the Company was to generate long term capital appreciation which would be achieved by investing in existing purpose-built student accommodation units, the conversion or renovation of existing commercial property units into modern student accommodation and the acquisition and development of new build opportunities. On 8 July 2016, the Board agreed to an orderly wind up of the Company and therefore from this date the objective of the Company changed to ensuring a timely and efficient winding up of all assets occurs.

Management

The Property Advisor of the Company is Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited (the "Property Advisor"). The Property Advisor was appointed to provide all property investment advice to the Company in respect of property assets owned or to be acquired or developed. The Property Advisor is able to draw upon significant student accommodation experience in the United Kingdom ("UK") and the Directors of the Company believe that the skills, experience and track record gained in the UK are directly transferrable into the targeted European Union ("EU") markets that have been identified. On 1 July 2015, Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited (the "Asset Manager") and the Company entered into an agreement for the provision of asset management services and to make recommendations to the Company in line with the Company's objectives. This agreement was effective from 1 July 2015 and will continue for a period of 5 years and thereafter unless and until terminated by either the Company or the Asset Manager. The annual management fee will be £250 (or any equivalent in any other agreed currency) per room for all the assets under management.

Capital Structure

The Company can issue an unlimited number of redeemable shares of no par value subject to and in accordance with the authority contained in the Articles. The Directors may allot and issue shares as Management Shares of no par value or as Redeemable Participating Shares of no par value.

The Company has one Management Share of no par value in issue. The Management Share is non-redeemable. The holder of the Management Share is entitled to one vote on a show of hands or one vote for each Management Share on a poll. The Management Share does not carry any right to dividends.

CISE Listing

The Company and the ICC were admitted to the official list of the Channel Islands Stock Exchange on 4 March 2013. On 20 December 2013, the listings transferred over to the Channel Islands Securities Exchange ("CISE"). On 22 July 2016 the Company and the ICC were delisted from the CISE. The CISE has since been re-branded as The International Stock Exchange.

Property Advisor's Report

UK Market Background

Whilst we cannot ignore the press coverage on the potentially adverse impact that Brexit will have on the quality and demand for UK higher education we have yet to see any real evidence of a downturn in global demand.

The major UK universities continue to score well in the reputation rankings, the Times Higher Education World University Rankings 2019 is led by two UK universities (Oxford followed by Cambridge) for the second year in a row and the latest Universities and Colleges Admission Service ('UCAS') figures indicate that demand for places remain strong.

In the UCAS End of Cycle Report 2018 the number of UK applicants declined by 1.9% as a result of the demographic decline in the UK 18-year-old population, which has fallen by 5.7% over the past three years. While there have been decreases in the number of UK applicants, the number of non-EU applicants has shown a large increase of 6.5%. Applicants from the EU comprise a smaller group but have also shown a sizeable increase of 2.8%.

The UK's Purpose-Built Student Accommodation ('PBSA') sector is predicted to hit £50bn by 2019, according to Knight Frank's Student Property team. They also estimate that the cumulative value of investment transactions in 2018 to be around £4.5bn (£4bn in 2017).

The number of PBSA bed spaces in the UK has risen to 627,115 in 2018/19 (Cushman & Wakefield) and according to Knight Frank some 29,000 PBSA bedrooms are due to be completed in 2019 whilst Cushman & Wakefield expects 2019 to be another record year for delivering bed spaces with up to 36,000 rooms to enter the market.

The general consensus observed by all professional valuers is that the market is now seeing a slowdown in the number of studio bed spaces being delivered. Cushman & Wakefield in their report stated that studios accounted for 32% of all new beds in 2018 (43% in 2017), this was similar to the figure quoted by Knight Frank of 38% studios for 2018/19.

Despite the volume of student accommodation either planned or underway, this level of potential future supply is unlikely to address the current supply/demand imbalance evident in a number of key cities. Across the UK as a whole, full time student numbers outweigh current PBSA bed spaces by 3:1.

Changing demographics and fluctuating student numbers arising from uncertainty surrounding Brexit could pose short-term challenges however the market remains positive.

The UK maintains its reputation for having some of the finest academic institutions globally and there will continue to be high demand for well maintained PBSA in good locations from both home and international students.

European Market Background

European universities are leading the way in terms of quality. Of the Times Higher Education World University Rankings 2019, European universities take just over 40% of the places in the list. The most represented European country with 99 institutions is the UK followed by Germany with 47, many of them within the top 100.

In most European markets student numbers have been rising. In mainland Europe, Germany and Austria saw large growth in student numbers, both recording an 18% increase over the same period. The cost of a degree across European universities differs significantly with many countries offering free or limited cost study. Further, the number of English Taught Programmes ('ETPs') is also increasing across Europe as universities seek to attract the best (and ultimately more) students.

It is accepted by all the main valuers that the provision of PBSA across mainland Europe remains low. According to Savills' research the lowest is in southern Europe. In Italy, Europe's fourth largest student market, the national provision rate is less than 5% (provision rate highest in UK at 27%).

According to JLL there's a clear trend towards growth, the student housing sector in each market is at a different state of maturity and evolving at different speeds. In markets such as Ireland, Spain and Germany, the lack of supply is the main driver for investing. In France and the Netherlands, the strength of student demand is supporting growth.

Germany

Germany has witnessed significant growth in international students and has already exceeded the government's target of 350,000 international students by 2020. The German market currently benefits from a number of positive factors – rising international student numbers, low quality provision and very tight residential markets in key cities.

Among the European countries, Germany has one of the largest student populations, with a strong increase in number of international students in the last 10 years as noted above. According to JLL, German PBSA has a market share of just 11%. The majority of these are managed by the federally funded Student Services Organisation, Studentenwerk. The heavy public focus on student accommodation means much of the stock is dated and in need of modernisation.

Whilst the government has been asked to develop additional beds, a number of private operators are looking to build larger footholds within the market with as many as 41,000 new beds by 2020 according to JLL.

France

The French student accommodation market is one of the largest in Europe, however the investment market is characterised by historic tax advantages for private investors to own individual student rooms. There is a sizeable developed market in France, historically driven by domestic investors such as Swiss Life.

Savills in their market overview of France state that there are currently 2.71m students in France of which 12.3% are international. This figure is expected to rise over the next few years to circa 2.94m students by 2026 and the share of international students is expected to increase by 17%.

According to the Institut national de la statistique et des études économiques ('INSEE') in 2017 there were 2,645,100 students in France of which 1,269,600 were studying away from home. Savills estimated the number of beds provided in student residences was 400,000. Therefore there is a gap in the market of approximately 869,600 beds.

Much of the operational market is dominated by the public operator CROUS or Union National des Maisons Étudiantes, who operate some 165,000 beds. Private sector operators are still of a relatively small scale but continue to grow.

Property Advisor's Report (continued)

VESAF Portfolio Overview

As at the VESAF year-end date of August 2018, the portfolio of assets under VESAF ownership comprised of three assets within the UK and four assets in mainland Europe.

All existing assets were fully operational ahead of the 2018/19 academic year and there were no other assets under development or refurbishment in either mainland Europe or the UK.

Operating assets

The UK and German portfolio of assets are managed directly by Prime Student Living Limited ('Prime') and the French assets by contracted third party managing agents. All property managers have maintained occupancy levels in line with VESAF expectations and achieved consistently high bookings from one academic year to another.

The salient observation within any independent market report is that the competition on the UK student accommodation market is stronger than any competition for students in the rest of mainland Europe. Therefore, an occupancy of 97% across the three UK assets for the 2018/19 academic year demonstrates the strength of the assets in terms of both the location and finished product.

To ensure that high occupancy levels are maintained in the UK cities, Prime have been liaising with reputable universities in various cities to set up nominations agreements or similar lease agreements.

There is currently a lease agreement for 90 rooms on Harbour Court, Bristol with the University of Bristol. Exclusivity agreements with universities further enhance and maintain consistent occupancy levels whilst also keeping rental income stable and predictable. A rent guarantee is in place with Prime for both St Lawrence House, Bristol and Glassworks, Liverpool to guarantee the rental income at 97% occupancy.

Despite increased competition in the market the German assets have both achieved high occupancy levels with both assets at 95% for the 2018/19 winter semester (2017/18 – 96%). This is demonstrative of the demand for accommodation in these regions and pricing of rents being attractive to students.

The asset in Bordeaux, France is currently operating at occupancy levels of 99% for the 2018/19 academic year (2017/18 – 97%). This is encouraging, particularly as a number of competitors have entered the market within the Bordeaux region since the previous report.

The other French asset in Chambéry, which comprises of two separate buildings, is currently let to student accommodation operators under a head lease.

The VESAF Portfolio Strategy

On 4 July 2016, the Board of VESAF issued an announcement via the Channel Islands Securities Exchange to advise that the determination of the net asset value of the Fund from the 4 July 2016 dealing day had been suspended. Another announcement to include the strategy going forward was released on 8 July 2016. This advised that the Board believed it is prudent and in the interest of stakeholders to offer all assets to the market and to return capital to shareholders by obtaining best value for those assets in the current market environment.

Since this announcement, the VESAF Board and Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited ('CPAGL') continue to manage and coordinate the marketing of all assets within the VESAF portfolio. This is being carried out alongside the normal procedures of the day to day running of assets and the continuation of asset management services whilst assets remain under VESAF ownership. At the time of writing the Property Advisor Report, the below remains the current position.

UK Portfolio

The three assets within the UK portfolio were marketed by CBRE and the sale completed as a corporate sale on 15 March 2019 for £55,000,000.

CBRE valued the UK portfolio at £56,200,000 at at 31 August 2018 (2017: £55,940,000).

European Portfolio

Savills are the appointed sales agent for the four European assets.

At the time of writing, the due diligence process is progressing on the French assets with completion expected during June 2019. The Board have received additional bids on the German assets and are currently reviewing the offers with its advisors.

Savills have valued the European portfolio at €29,170,000 as at 31 August 2018 (€32,780,000 as at 31 August 2017). This is a reduction in the value of the European portfolio of 11.01% since 31 August 2017. Despite the continual increase in rents and high occupancies, this reduction is due to the lack of capital expenditure on these assets as a result of the impending sale and lack of funding.

**Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited
20 March 2019**



Board of Directors

Edward Kisala (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

Edward is a Chartered Surveyor with almost 30 years' experience in the European real estate industry across most asset classes, including fund, investment, asset and property management. Most recent roles include advisory and investment transaction services to a variety of clients including international funds, family offices and High Net Worth clients. Prior to this he was Head of UK and co-head Europe, for Heitman, the US based Fund Manager. His responsibility for the European Acquisitions team oversaw the investment of over €1.5 billion across Europe, negotiating numerous joint ventures and securing third party debt finance on a large proportion of transactions. Prior to Heitman, Edward was with Lend Lease where he played a key role in establishing and expanding its European operation and was primarily responsible for managing a team of acquisitions/asset management professionals/analysts investing in a €1.5 billion Global Opportunity Fund, working on a pan-European basis. His early career was mostly with DTZ where, after an early grounding in valuation, property/fund management and investment work, he established their Polish operation acting as country manager/team builder and prime business generator and executor. Edward is British and resident in Luxembourg.

Kerry-Anne Marais

Kerry-Anne graduated from Heriot Watt University in 1995 and went on to qualify as a Chartered Accountant becoming a Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Scotland in 1999. Over the years Kerry-Anne has held senior positions offshore including financial controller for HSBC Private Bank (Funds), managing director of Augentius Fund Administration (Guernsey) Limited and managing director of Augentius Trust Company (Guernsey) Limited. Kerry-Anne has also acted as designated compliance officer and MLRO. She has had varied Board experience including director of a Guernsey regulated general partner to a property fund and director of a property group which was ultimately sold to a London Stock Exchange listed company. She has also obtained relevant qualifications to compliment her experience including the MLRO Diploma, Diploma in Trust creation (law and practice) and the Investment Management Certificate. Kerry-Anne is the managing director of Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited. She is British and resident in Guernsey.

Mark McNicholas - appointed 22 March 2018

Mark holds an Honours degree in Economics and Politics from the University of Newcastle upon Tyne. He began his career at the Royal Bank of Scotland Group and joined its corporate real estate finance team in London in 1993. In 1999, he moved to Jersey to become head of real estate finance at Royal Bank of Scotland International based in Jersey. During his time there, Mark ran the loan book covering senior and mezzanine positions secured on commercial and residential assets located in the UK and Western Europe and was a member of the RBS Corporate Banking's real estate finance board. In 2010, Mark joined BNP Paribas Real Estate to launch the debt advisory desk which provided an independent service to Europe-wide clients of the group across the full spectrum of the real estate debt market. Mark has Board experience on listed as well as non-listed funds operating in the real estate and real estate debt sectors. He currently sits on the board of five Luxembourg registered funds that are involved in providing whole loan, mezzanine debt and preferred equity to the UK real estate market, the investment adviser for all five funds is ICG-Longbow.

James Metcalf - resigned 23 February 2018

James studied Mathematics, Computing and Law at Liverpool and Manchester universities. He spent over 20 years in the computing industry operating in sales and senior management at global companies including Tandem and Oracle where he managed multi business sectors. He has Board experience as a Director at several companies and has acted as fund manager previously including those in the Crosslane group of companies which he founded in 2007. James is British and is resident in the United Kingdom. James resigned from the board of directors of the Company, effective on 23 February 2018.

Directors' Report

The Directors present their Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements of Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited (the "Company") together with its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 August 2018.

Company Status

The Company is an incorporated cell of Victus Capital ICC Limited (the "ICC"). The ICC is a Registered open-ended investment scheme registered pursuant to the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987, and the Registered Collective Investment Scheme Rules 2008 issued by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission ("GFSC"). The Company was incorporated on 13 December 2012.

The Company was admitted to the official list of the Channel Islands Stock Exchange on 4 March 2013. On 20 December 2013, the listings transferred over to the Channel Islands Securities Exchange ("CISE"). On 22 July 2016 the Company and the ICC were delisted from the CISE and a decision was made by the Board to wind up the Company together with its subsidiaries in an orderly manner. The CISE has since been re-branded as The International Stock Exchange ("TISE").

Principal Activity

The Company was established to take advantage of the developing European student accommodation sector and provide investors with exposure to this evolving market. The objective of the Company was to generate long term capital appreciation which would be achieved by investing in existing purpose-built student accommodation units, the conversion or renovation of existing commercial property units into modern student accommodation and the acquisition and development of new build opportunities. On 8 July 2016, the Board agreed to an orderly wind up of the Company and therefore from this date the objective of the Company changed to ensuring a timely and efficient winding up of all assets occurs.

To achieve its objective Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited (the "Property Advisor") has been appointed as the Property Advisor to the Company whilst Crosslane Fund Managers LLP (the "Promoter") is the Promoter.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 9.

No dividends were paid or declared during the year ended 31 August 2018 (2017: £Nil). It is not intended that the Company will distribute any of its income, as such all income will be rolled up and reflected in the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Redeemable Participating Shares.

Break up basis

As disclosed in note 3.2 to the financial statements, the Board conducts regular assessments of Victus European Student Accommodation Fund's ("VESAF") operational and financial risks with reference to cash flow requirements, the debt position and the liquidity of its investments. Recognising that property investments are relatively illiquid, the policy of the Board is to maintain, where possible, cash balances to 10% of the net asset value as a contingency to meet ongoing and ad-hoc obligations. The Board also maintains an ongoing dialogue with property agents so that it is able to identify and act upon attractive opportunities to sell assets at above carrying value as and when those opportunities may present themselves.

Due to the uncertainty around the outcome of certain property sales and the level of cash held, the Board of Directors resolved, in 2016, that there should be an orderly wind up of the Company and its subsidiaries. As detailed in recent investor communications, all properties are being marketed for sale. As a result, all properties are available for sale and the financial statements have been prepared on a break up basis.

Directors

The Directors of the Company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the Consolidated Financial Statements were:

- Edward Kisala (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)
- Kerry-Anne Marais
- James Metcalf (Non-Executive Director, resigned on 23 February 2018)
- Mark McNicholas (appointed on 22 March 2018)

Directors' Fees and Expenses

During the year, the Directors received the following remuneration in the form of fees and expenses:

| | 31 August 2018 | 31 August 2017 |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|
| | £ | £ |
| Gunther Gommès (resigned on 5 December 2016) | - | 13,196 |
| Edward Kisala (appointed on 1 July 2017) | 123,925 | 9,750 |
| Kerry-Anne Marais | 90,000 | 67,917 |
| James Metcalf (resigned on 23 February 2018) | 25,625 | 45,000 |
| Mark McNicholas (appointed on 22 March 2018) | 20,095 | - |
| | <hr/> 259,645 <hr/> | <hr/> 135,863 <hr/> |

Directors' Interests

The Directors did not hold any shares in the Company during the year ended 31 August 2018 (2017: Nil), and subsequently.

Management

The Property Advisor was appointed to provide all property investment advice to the Company in respect of property assets owned or to be acquired or developed. The Property Advisor is able to draw upon significant UK student accommodation experience and the Directors of the Company believe that the skills, experience and track record gained in the United Kingdom ("UK") are directly transferrable into the targeted European Union ("EU") markets that have been identified.

Directors' Report (continued)

Corporate Governance

It is the Company's policy to follow best practice on good corporate governance applicable to the Company in line with the Code of Corporate Governance, issued by the GFSC.

Anti-Bribery and Corruption

The Company adheres to the requirements of the Prevention of Corruption (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2003. In consideration of the UK Bribery Act 2010 which came into force on 1 July 2011, the Board abhors bribery and corruption of any form and expects all the Company's business activities to be undertaken, whether directly by the Directors themselves or on the Company's behalf by third parties, to be transparent, ethical and beyond reproach.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

FATCA became effective on 1 January 2013. The legislation is aimed at determining the ownership of assets of US persons in foreign accounts and improving US tax compliance with respect to those assets. The States of Guernsey has entered into an intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") with US Treasury in order to facilitate the requirements under FATCA. The Board can confirm the Company complies with FATCA's requirements.

Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD")

The AIFMD, which was implemented across the EU on 22 July 2013 with the transition period ending 22 July 2014, aims to harmonise the regulation of Alternative Investment Fund Managers ("AIFMs") and imposes obligations on managers who manage or distribute Alternative Investment Funds ("AIFs") in the EU or who market shares in such funds to EU investors.

The Company is classified as a Non-EU Alternative Investment Fund ("Non-EU AIF") under AIFMD. The Company is self managing and therefore also acts as its own AIFM. However, by virtue of its size, the Company is deemed sub-threshold and is therefore exempt from the provisions of the AIFMD.

Independent Auditor

Saffery Champness has expressed its willingness to continue in office. A resolution to re-appoint Saffery Champness as Independent Auditor of the Company will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting.

Secretary

Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited (formerly Orangefield Legis Fund Services Limited) held the office of Secretary during the year since their appointment, and subsequently resigned with effect from 24 March 2017. They will continue in office until a replacement has been found.

Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with applicable Guernsey law and generally accepted accounting principles.

Guernsey company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial period. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the EU and applicable law.

Under Guernsey company law, the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that year.

In preparing these Consolidated Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable IFRS as adopted by the EU have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Consolidated Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware and each Director has taken all of the steps that they ought to have taken, to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

On behalf of the Board

K Marais

Director

Date: 26 March 2019

**Independent Auditor's Report
to the Members of Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited**

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 August 2018 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion the Consolidated Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group as at 31 August 2018 and of the group's loss for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to the disclosures made in Note 3.2 of the financial statements. As at 31 August 2016 the Group's cash balance was at 0.3% of net assets and there was uncertainty surrounding property sales. As a result the directors resolved for an orderly wind-up of the Group's operations. The financial statements have therefore been prepared on a non-going concern basis.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company; or
- the Consolidated Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 262 of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Saffery Champness

Chartered Accountants

Date: 27 March 2019

**Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
for the year ended 31 August 2018**

| | Notes | 31 August 2018 | 31 August 2017 |
|---|-------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | £ | £ |
| Discontinuing operations | | | |
| Income | | | |
| Revenue | 4 | 6,866,240 | 7,181,173 |
| Property operating costs | 11 | (2,872,111) | (3,207,485) |
| Net rental income | | 3,994,129 | 3,973,688 |
| Loss on disposal of investment property | 16 | - | (775,124) |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiary | 17 | - | 392,684 |
| Gain on foreign exchange | | 112,071 | 1,572,290 |
| Revaluation of investment properties - completed investment property | 16 | (3,248,006) | 8,479,355 |
| Total income | | 858,194 | 13,642,893 |
| Expenditure | | | |
| Administration fees | 5 | 192,727 | 350,666 |
| Annual management charge | 6 | 583,896 | 506,966 |
| Financial fees | 6 | 240,000 | 201,736 |
| Custodian's fees | 7 | 20,009 | 29,800 |
| Directors' fees and expenses | 8 | 259,645 | 135,863 |
| Asset management fees | 9 | 374,350 | 444,211 |
| Legal and professional fees | | 568,970 | 919,353 |
| Other expenses | 12 | 635,778 | 764,688 |
| Total operating expenditure | | 2,875,375 | 3,353,283 |
| Operating (loss)/profit | | (2,017,181) | 10,289,610 |
| Finance expenses | 13 | (1,147,952) | (3,014,811) |
| Movement in fair value of interest rate swap | | - | (12,522) |
| (Loss)/profit before tax | | (3,165,133) | 7,262,277 |
| Tax expense | 14 | (521,156) | (167,164) |
| (Loss)/profit for the financial year | | (3,686,289) | 7,095,113 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: | | | |
| Foreign currency translation differences | | (419,271) | (120,013) |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year | | (419,271) | (120,013) |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | | (4,105,560) | 6,975,100 |
| Attributable to: | | | |
| Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares | | (4,105,560) | 6,975,100 |
| Earnings per share (basic and diluted) | | | |
| GBP - class A (GBP Pence per share) | 15 | (8.38) | 16.12 |
| EUR - class A (GBP Pence per share) | | (5.96) | 11.48 |
| CHF - class A (GBP Pence per share) | | (5.65) | 11.03 |
| USD - class A (GBP Pence per share) | | (5.50) | 10.62 |
| GBP - class B (GBP Pence per share) | | (8.74) | 16.83 |
| EUR - class B (GBP Pence per share) | | (6.25) | 12.03 |
| CHF - class B (GBP Pence per share) | | (5.61) | 10.79 |
| USD - class B (GBP Pence per share) | | (5.00) | 9.63 |

All of the items above for the years ended 31 August 2017 and 2018 derive from discontinuing operations.

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 32 form an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As at 31 August 2018**

| | Notes | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--|-------|-------------------|------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Completed investment property | 16 | 80,189,869 | 83,992,094 |
| Trade and other receivables | 19 | 2,561,953 | 3,084,207 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 449,618 | 925,123 |
| Total assets | | 83,201,440 | 88,001,424 |
| Equity | | | |
| Management Share | 23 | 1 | 1 |
| Total equity | | 1 | 1 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 14 | 668,435 | 943,139 |
| Borrowings | 20 | 36,288,956 | 37,849,850 |
| Trade and other payables | 21 | 9,023,248 | 8,292,977 |
| Income tax | | 798,369 | 387,466 |
| Total liabilities | | 46,779,008 | 47,473,432 |
| Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares) | | 46,779,008 | 47,473,432 |
| Net assets attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares | 24 | 36,422,431 | 40,527,991 |
| Net asset value per share | 24 | | |
| GBP - class A (GBP per share) | | 0.8277 | 0.9210 |
| EUR - class A (GBP per share) | | 0.5892 | 0.6556 |
| CHF - class A (GBP per share) | | 0.5578 | 0.6206 |
| USD - class A (GBP per share) | | 0.5466 | 0.6082 |
| GBP - class B (GBP per share) | | 0.8632 | 0.9605 |
| EUR - class B (GBP per share) | | 0.6175 | 0.6871 |
| CHF - class B (GBP per share) | | 0.5539 | 0.6163 |
| USD - class B (GBP per share) | | 0.4917 | 0.5471 |

The Consolidated Financial Statements on pages 9 to 32 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2019.

Signed on behalf of the Board

K Marais

Director

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 32 form an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Shares
for the year ended 31 August 2018**

| | Notes | 31 August 2018 | 31 August 2017 |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | | £ | £ |
| Net assets attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares at the beginning of the year | | 40,527,991 | 33,552,891 |
| (Loss)/profit for the financial year attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares | | (3,686,289) | 7,095,113 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares | | (419,271) | (120,013) |
| Net assets attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares at the end of the year | | <u>36,422,431</u> | <u>40,527,991</u> |

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 32 form an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended 31 August 2018**

| | Notes | 31 August 2018 £ | 31 August 2017 £ |
|--|-------|---------------------|---------------------|
| (Loss)/profit for the financial year | | (3,686,289) | 7,095,113 |
| Adjustment for: | | | |
| Finance expenses | 13 | 1,147,952 | 3,014,811 |
| Movement in fair value of interest rate swaps | | - | 12,522 |
| Taxation | | 521,156 | 167,164 |
| Movement on foreign exchange | | (112,071) | (1,572,290) |
| Deficit/(surplus) on revaluation of investment properties | 16 | 3,248,006 | (8,479,355) |
| Loss on disposal of investment property | | - | 775,124 |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiary | | - | (392,684) |
| Operating cash flows before movements in working capital | | 1,118,754 | 620,405 |
| Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables | | 430,026 | (102,291) |
| Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables | | 659,871 | (1,841,566) |
| Taxation paid | | (292,729) | (138,021) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities | | 1,915,922 | (1,461,473) |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Sale of investment properties | | - | 31,338,954 |
| Net cash from sale of subsidiary | | - | (129,094) |
| Subsequent expenditure on investment properties | | (297,850) | (1,819,426) |
| Settlement of contracted payments | | - | (1,119,135) |
| Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities | | (297,850) | 28,271,299 |
| Financing activities | | | |
| Payments on redemptions of shares | | - | (453,699) |
| Interest and arrangement fees paid | | (948,598) | (1,739,386) |
| Swap break fees | | - | (633,800) |
| Early loan repayment fees | | - | (1,275,425) |
| Receipt of intercompany loan on sale of subsidiary | | - | 2,441,962 |
| Net decrease in borrowings | | (1,594,381) | (25,055,828) |
| Net cash outflow from financing activities | | (2,542,979) | (26,716,176) |
| (Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year | | (924,907) | 93,650 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the year | | 925,123 | 116,709 |
| Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents | | 449,402 | 714,764 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | | 449,618 | 925,123 |

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 32 form an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018**

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited (the "Company") is an incorporated cell of Victus Capital ICC Limited (the "ICC"). The ICC is a Registered Open-ended investment scheme registered pursuant to the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987, and the Registered Collective Investment Scheme Rules 2008 issued by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission. The Company was incorporated on 13 December 2012. The registered office of the Company and the ICC is shown on page 1.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") which comprise standards and interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and International Accounting Standards and Standing Interpretations approved by the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC") that remain in effect and to the extent they have been adopted by the EU and in accordance with the applicable Guernsey law. The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and derivative instruments.

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Board to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Judgements made by the Board in the application of IFRS that have a significant effect on the Financial Statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are disclosed in note 3.

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

2.2.1 Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards

There were several new standards that were issued during the year and amendments to some existing standards. However, none had a material impact on the financial statements.

2.2.2 New, revised and amended standards not yet adopted

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments - Classification and Measurement (effective for periods commencing 1 January 2018);

IFRS 15, Revenue From Contracts With Customers (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018);

IFRS 16, Leases (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2019);

IFRIC 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments (effective for periods commencing on or after 1 January 2019).

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (2014) replaces IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. The new standard introduces extensive changes to IAS 39's guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces a new 'expected credit loss' model for the impairment of financial assets. IFRS 9 also provides new guidance on the application of hedge accounting.

The implementation of this new financial reporting standard may have an impact on the financial instruments held by the Group, however, it is the opinion of the Directors that regardless of whether the financial assets held by the Group are classified as debt or equity, that the treatment as at fair value through profit or loss will remain the applicable method of recognition and hence there is no expected impact on the net asset value of the Fund. There is however expected to be additional disclosures included in future financial statements of the Group to comply with the requirements of IFRS 9, which will likely include the judgements applied by the Directors in the classification and subsequent recognition of the financial instruments held.

IFRS 15 presents new requirements for the recognition of revenue, replacing IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts', and several revenue-related Interpretations. The new standard establishes a control-based revenue recognition model and provides additional guidance in many areas not covered in detail under existing IFRSs, including how to account for arrangements with multiple performance obligations, variable pricing, customer refund rights, supplier repurchase options, and other common complexities.

The standard aims to improve the financial reporting of revenue and improve comparability of the top line in financial statements globally. It is more prescriptive in terms of what should be included within revenue than IAS 18 'Revenue'. The Directors have assessed the requirements of IFRS 15, and based on the existing basis of revenue recognition applied, have determined that there will be no material impact expected on the recognition and measurement of revenue in the financial statements as a result of the implementation of IFRS 15.

The IASB has issued a new standard for leases, IFRS 16 'Leases' which will replace IAS 17 'Leases', and related Interpretations. The new standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of leases for both parties to a contract, i.e. the customer ('lessee') and the supplier ('lessor'). IFRS 16 changes fundamentally the accounting for leases by lessees. It eliminates the current IAS 17 dual accounting model, which distinguishes between on-balance sheet finance leases and off-balance sheet operating leases and, instead, introduces a single, on-balance sheet accounting model where for lessees, the lease becomes an on-balance sheet liability that attracts interest, together with a new lease asset. Lessor accounting remains similar to current practice – i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance and operating leases. Accordingly, for entities with material off balance sheet leases, there will be a change to key financial metrics derived from the entity's assets and liabilities (for example, leverage ratios).

Management have yet to assess the impact of IFRS 16 and IFRIC 23 on the future Financial Statements as it is anticipated that the Group will no longer be in existence by the time of impact.

2.3 Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group incorporate the Financial Statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company made up to 31 August 2018. Control is achieved where the Company has the power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvements with the investee and the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the investor's return.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income from/to the date control is transferred to/from the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed to ensure consistency of accounting policies across the Group.

Where properties were acquired through a corporate acquisition, consideration was given to whether this represented a business. Where there were no significant assets or liabilities other than property, the acquisition was treated as an asset acquisition.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
2.3 Consolidation (continued)

Details of the subsidiary undertakings which the Company held as at 31 August 2018 are as follows:

| Name of subsidiary undertaking | Incorporation Date | Holding | Country of incorporation | Principal activity |
|--|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Victus (Guernsey) 1 Limited | 13-Feb-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Holding Company |
| Victus (Guernsey) 2 Limited | 13-Feb-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Holding Company |
| Victus (Guernsey) 1 Developments Limited | 11-Mar-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Property Investment |
| Victus (Guernsey) 2 Developments Limited | 11-Mar-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Property Investment |
| Victus Holdings (Guernsey) Limited | 12-Mar-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Holding Company |
| Victus Holdings (Europe) S.à.r.l. | 12-Jun-13 | 100% | Luxembourg | Holding Company |
| CBC Acquico 1 S.à.r.l | 15-Jul-13 | 100% | Luxembourg | Property Investment |
| CBC Acquico 2 S.à.r.l | 15-Jul-13 | 100% | Luxembourg | Property Investment |
| Victus (Guernsey) 4 Limited | 02-Oct-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Holding Company |
| Victus (Guernsey) 4 Developments Limited | 02-Oct-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Property Investment |
| Victus (Guernsey) 5 Limited | 02-Oct-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Holding Company |
| Victus (Guernsey) 5 Developments Limited | 02-Oct-13 | 100% | Guernsey | Property Investment |
| FHC Chambéry S.à.r.l | 28-Apr-14 | 100% | France | Property Investment |
| Victus (Guernsey) 6 Limited | 18-Jun-14 | 100% | Guernsey | Holding Company |
| Victus (Guernsey) 6 Management Company Limited | 18-Jun-14 | 100% | Guernsey | Property Investment |
| St Lawrence Manco Limited | 30-Jul-14 | 100% | United Kingdom | Management Company |
| Harbour Court Manco Limited | 15-Sep-14 | 100% | United Kingdom | Management Company |
| St James Point Manco Limited | 15-Sep-14 | 100% | United Kingdom | Management Company |
| St James Court Manco Limited | 15-Sep-14 | 100% | United Kingdom | Management Company |
| FHC Bordeaux SAS | 07-Oct-14 | 100% | France | Property Investment |
| Victus Holdings (Belgium) SPRL | 10-Dec-14 | 100% | Belgium | Holding Company |
| Glassworks Manco Limited | 30-Jul-15 | 100% | United Kingdom | Management Company |

2.4 Operating segments

The Directors have considered the requirements of IFRS 8 'Operating Segments'. The Company is not traded in a public manner nor does it file its financial statements with a securities commission since it suspended trading in 2016, therefore, as a result the Company is outside the scope of IFRS 8.

2.5 Foreign currency translation
(a) Functional and presentational currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group entities are measured in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates either Sterling ("£") or Euro ("€") (the "functional currency"). The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Sterling, (the "presentational currency").

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in currencies other than Sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each year end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the rates prevailing at the year end date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value which are denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Gains and losses arising on revaluation are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(c) Foreign exchange on consolidation

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of the Group's overseas operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the year end date. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the period unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly, in which case items of income and expenditure are translated at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as other comprehensive income in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and are transferred to the Group's translation reserve. Such translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed of.

2.6 Income and property operating costs

Income comprises rental revenues. Rental revenues are accounted for on a straight-line basis in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Direct expenses incurred in relation to completed investment property and property under development ("Property operating costs") are included within income in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in order to disclose the net rental income generated by the properties.

Property operating costs comprise property management fees, insurance and operational expenses, see note 11 for further details.

2.7 Expenses

Expenses are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

2.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of property are added to the costs of those assets until such times as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. The capitalisation rate is arrived at by reference to the actual rate payable on borrowing acquired for the targeted property, or with regard to an acquisition financed out of general borrowings to the average rate. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they are incurred.

2.9 Finance costs

Finance costs comprise loan interest, loan arrangement fees, debt arrangement fees and contractual exit fees. All finance costs arise on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

2.10 Taxation

The Company has applied for and gained tax exempt status in Guernsey. Current tax arising in jurisdictions other than Guernsey is based on taxable profit for the period and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted. The Company has subsidiary undertakings in the United Kingdom, Guernsey, Luxembourg, France and Belgium (the Company holds German assets via Luxembourg registered companies).

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income and expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods or that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the year end date.

Deferred tax is the tax arising on differences on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.10 Taxation (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each year end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.11 Completed investment property

Properties which are occupied, or are ready to be occupied, are classified as "completed investment property". These properties are held for the long-term, to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation and are stated at fair value at the period end date. Fair value is determined as the market value as determined by professionally qualified independent external valuers (see note 22 for further details). Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of investment property are included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year in which they arise.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of completed investment properties are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year the disposal takes place.

Investment property in the current year is classified as 'held for sale' as a result of the Directors deciding to wind up the Company and sell all of the property assets, as detailed in note 3.2. As a result of the decision made on 8 July 2016 the operations of the Company are deemed to be discontinued and therefore the entire portfolio is regarded as 'held for sale' and the profit for the year is entirely attributable to discontinued operations.

2.12 Financial assets

2.12.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as held for trading and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose for which the financial assets are held and is determined at the time of initial recognition by the Board. The Group's financial assets fall into the categories discussed below, with the allocation depending to an extent on the purpose for which the assets were acquired.

Although the Group uses derivative financial instruments in economic hedges of currency and interest rate risk, it does not hedge account for the transactions. The Group classifies all financial assets as loans and receivables except for derivatives that are held for trading.

(a) Financial assets held for trading

Financial assets held for trading comprises "in the money" financial derivatives.

(b) Loans and receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They comprise trade and other receivables, rental guarantees and also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets.

2.12.2 Recognition and measurement

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. The effect of discounting on these financial assets is not considered to be material.

"In the money" financial derivatives are carried in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The fair value of the Group's derivatives are valued in accordance with note 22.

Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty or default or significant delay in payment) that the Group will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms of the receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, such impairments directly reduce the carrying amount of the impaired assets and are recognised against the relevant income category in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets (in whole or in part) are derecognised either:

- when the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership; or
- when it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards and when it no longer has control over the assets or a portion of the asset; or
- when the contractual right to receive cash flow has expired.

Fair value is defined as the amount for which an asset or liability could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap derivative liabilities are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year in which they arise.

2.13 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities consist of trade and other payables, borrowings, interest rate swaps, forward foreign exchange contracts and Redeemable Participating Shares. The Group classifies its financial liabilities as financial liabilities at fair value held for trading or financial liabilities measured at amortised cost depending on the purpose for which the liability was issued and its characteristics. All financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs incurred except for financial liabilities held for trading which are initially recognised at fair value.

Although the Group uses derivative instruments in economic hedges of currency and interest rate risk, it does not hedge account for these transactions. All purchases of financial liabilities are recorded on the trade date, being the date on which the Group becomes party to the contractual requirements of the financial liability.

2.13.1 Financial liabilities held for trading

This category comprises only "out of the money" financial derivatives. They are carried in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The fair value of the Group's derivatives are detailed in note 22 and are valued in accordance with note 22.

2.13.2 Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

These include trade and other payables and borrowings. Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value net of attributable transaction costs incurred. Such interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
2.13 Financial liabilities (continued)
2.13.3 Redeemable Participating Shares

In accordance with IAS 32, Redeemable Participating Shares are required to be shown as liabilities rather than as part of Shareholders' funds, owing to the fact that holders of Redeemable Participating Shares are entitled on each dealing day to request a redemption of their holdings and that they are not the most subordinated share class, this being the Management Share.

The liabilities arising from the Redeemable Participating Shares are carried at the redemption amount, being the net asset value calculated in accordance with IFRS.

The Company issues shares at the net asset value of the existing Redeemable Participating Shares. The holder of Redeemable Participating Shares can redeem them, in accordance with redemption requirements as set out in the Information Memorandum, for cash equal to the Company's net asset value per Redeemable Participating Share.

The Company's net asset value per Redeemable Participating Share is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to Redeemable Participating Shareholders (calculated in accordance with redemption requirements as set out in the Information Memorandum) by the number of shares in issue.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new Redeemable Participating Shares are shown in share premium as a deduction from the proceeds. See note 23 for further details.

2.13.4 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability (in whole or in part) is derecognised when the Group has extinguished its contractual obligations, it expires or is cancelled. Any gain or loss on derecognition is taken to the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand, deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.15 Management Share

The Management Share is non-redeemable and classified as equity.

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision only affects that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

3.1 Completed investment property

The gross property value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Transaction costs normally borne by the seller are not deducted in arriving at gross property value, in accordance with IAS 40. The fair value is calculated by deducting the costs normally borne by the purchaser from the gross property value. Fair value is not intended to represent the liquidation value of the property, which would be dependant upon the price negotiated at the time of sale less any associated selling costs. The fair value is largely based on estimates using property appraisal techniques and other valuation methods as outlined below. Such estimates are inherently subjective and actual values can only be determined in a sales transaction.

The Group's valuers derive the fair value by applying the methodology and valuation guidelines as set out by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in the United Kingdom in accordance with IFRS. The method used was the investment method and the key assumptions driving the valuations include rental income, operating expenditure, occupancy and investment yields. See note 22 for more details on these assumptions. The value given by the Group's valuers has been adjusted for an estimation of costs to sell as a result of the financial statements being prepared on a break up basis. As at 31 August 2018 the carrying amount of completed investment property is £80,189,869 (2017: £83,992,094).

3.2 Break up basis

The Board conducts regular assessments of Victus European Student Accommodation Fund's ("VESAF") operational and financial risks with reference to cash flow requirements, the debt position and the liquidity of its investments. Recognising that property investments are relatively illiquid, the policy of the Board is to maintain, where possible, cash balances to 10% of the net asset value as a contingency to meet ongoing and ad-hoc obligations. The Board also maintains an ongoing dialogue with property agents so that it is able to identify and act upon attractive opportunities to sell assets at above carrying value as and when those opportunities may present themselves.

Due to the uncertainty around the outcome of certain property sales and the level of cash held, the Board of Directors resolved, in 2016, that there should be an orderly wind up of the Company and its subsidiaries. As detailed in recent investor communications, all properties are being marketed for sale. As a result, all properties are available for sale and the financial statements have been prepared on a break up basis.

4 OPERATING LEASE REVENUE

Revenue consists of rental income. The Group accounts for its tenancy contracts offered to individual student tenants as operating leases. The renting of student accommodation is short-term with contracts lasting for a period of less than 12 months.

| | 1 year from 31 August 2018 | 1 year from 31 August 2017 |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | £ | £ |
| Future minimum lease payments from operating leases | 6,774,148 | 6,728,894 |
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| | £ | £ |
| Revenue from operating leases | 6,866,240 | 7,181,173 |
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| | £ | £ |
| Revenue from operating leases due at the year end | 893,831 | 986,657 |

The group has entered into Nominations Agreements with Prime Student Living for the properties St Lawrence House, Bristol and Glassworks Liverpool. These agreements guarantee the rent that will be received by the group from these properties at £1,579,351 for 2017/2018 year and £1,626,732 for the 2018/2019 year for St Lawrence House and £1,811,815 for 2017/2018 year and £1,866,169 for the 2018/2019 year for Glassworks. These agreements will terminate at the end of the 2018/2019 academic year.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**

5 ADMINISTRATION FEES

Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited ("Vistra") has been appointed as administrator, secretary and registrar of the Company (the "Administrator"). In respect of its duties as the administrator, secretary and registrar of the Company, the administrator receives an annual fee calculated and accrued as at each relevant Dealing Day, being the second business day of each calendar month, and payable by the Company in arrears on or before the fifteenth business day in the month following the relevant Dealing Day. The fee is based on the Net Asset Value less any fees (except for the Performance Fee), due at the relevant valuation point (the "Preliminary Net Asset Value") of the Notional Shares used for the allocation of shares classes into the participating portfolio, at the following rates, and is subject to a minimum fee of £35,000 per annum plus disbursements:

- 0.11% per annum of the Preliminary Net Asset Value up to £100,000,000;
- 0.085% per annum of the Preliminary Net Asset Value amount in excess of £100,000,000 and up to £250,000,000;
- 0.05% per annum for the amount of Preliminary Net Asset Value amount in excess of £250,000,000 will apply.

In addition to the fees detailed above, the Administrator receives a set administration fee of £5,000 per annum for each active Share Class of the Company which is not payable until the first shares have been issued in respect of each Share Class.

The fees are allocated pro-rata between all active classes based on the proportion that the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the Class represents to the NAV of the Company.

The Administrator is entitled to receive a property transaction fee of £2,000 per transaction in respect of every acquisition of property by the Company or any subsidiary. The Administrator is also entitled to receive an additional one-off fee of £2,000 in respect of each subsidiary established to hold property assets of the Company, payable at the date of incorporation and an annual fee of £3,000 per annum in respect of each subsidiary thereafter. Also, fees charged in relation to the 2016 and 2017 audit were charged on a time-spent basis in accordance with an amendment to the original agreement as detailed in this note.

For the year ended 31 August 2018, Administration fees totalling £192,727 (2017: £350,666) were charged of which £80,532 (2017: £58,011) is outstanding at the year end.

On 24 March 2017, Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited resigned as Administrator but will remain in place until replaced.

6 PROMOTER'S FEES

Annual Management Charge

The Promoter receives an Annual Management Charge of 1.5% of the NAV per annum, calculated at a rate of 0.125% of the NAV per month, this is charged to the Company and is payable monthly in arrears. For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Promoter was entitled to an annual management charge of £583,896 (2017: £506,966) of which £646,627 is outstanding at the year end (2017: £48,658).

Performance Fee

The Promoter is entitled to a performance fee of 20% of the amount by which the Preliminary Net Asset Value per Notional Share exceeds both, (i) the High Water Mark and (ii) the Hurdle. The Performance Fee charged at the Participating Portfolio level is reflected in the NAV. This method of calculation ensures that (1) any Performance Fee paid to the Promoter is charged only if the management of the core objectives of the Company has resulted in an appreciation in value, and (2) the gain or loss of Share Class hedging is not considered as an over or under performance.

The Performance Fee is calculated on each Dealing Day falling in the respective Financial Year (a "Performance Period"). The Performance Fee is deemed to accrue at each Valuation Point. Pursuant to the Information Memorandum, the Valuation Point is midnight in Guernsey on the last Business Day of each calendar month or such other time as the Directors may determine.

The high water mark ("High Water Mark" or "HWM") for each Performance Period is:

- in respect of the first Performance Period, and the second Performance Period if no Performance Fee was due in the first Performance Period, the Initial Subscription Price of the Notional Share; and
- once a Performance Fee is paid, the NAV of the Notional Share on the last Valuation Day of the Performance Period in respect of which a Performance Fee was last paid; and
- after two consecutive Performance Periods without a Performance Fee crystallisation, the higher of the average NAV of the Notional Share over the past two Performance Periods or the initial Subscription Price of the Notional Shares.

The Hurdle is determined by reference to the following formula: High Water Mark multiplied by 1 plus the Hurdle Rate and where there is no positive performance in the first year of a performance period, this may be extended to two years with compounding being applied in the second year.

The Hurdle Rate ("Hurdle Rate"), expressed as a percentage, for each Performance Period is 10%.

If the Promoter Agreement is terminated during a Performance Period, the Performance Fee in respect of the then current Performance Period will be calculated and paid as though the date of termination were the end of the relevant Performance Period.

For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Promoter was entitled to a performance fee totalling £Nil (2017: £Nil) of which £Nil is outstanding at the year end (2017: £Nil).

Debt Arrangement Fee

The Promoter will receive a debt arrangement fee of an amount equal to 1.5% of any debt agreed to be lent to the Group to complete an acquisition or to fund any development costs or fee in relation to any property investments held or to be acquired by the Group. The fee shall be payable as soon as monies are drawn down from a lender. The debt arrangement fee was amortised over the term of the relevant loan and is capitalised against property whilst the property is under development. When the property is completed or the debt is in relation to a completed property the amount is released to the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Debt Arrangement fees are now recognised in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income in the year they are incurred to reflect the break up basis of preparation. The Promoter assigned the Debt Arrangement Fee to the Property Advisor from 10 September 2015 to 31 December 2016. For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Promoter was entitled to a Debt Arrangement Fee of £Nil (2017: £Nil) of which £Nil is outstanding at the year end (2017: £Nil).

Equity Arrangement Fee

The Promoter is entitled to receive an equity arrangement fee equal to 3% of the equity provided by the Company towards any development costs incurred under a Development Management Agreement or the purchase of land that is not funded by Debt Finance provided that the Company receives a rate of return thereon at a rate that is set out in the relevant heads of terms or as otherwise agreed between the Company and the Promoter. The equity arrangement fees are capitalised against property in the period that they are incurred and are excluded from the Land Development Management Fee ("LDMF") calculation. No equity arrangement fees were incurred in the current year (2017: £Nil).

Financial Fee

The Promoter will be reimbursed for its reasonable actual costs incurred by it in providing financial performance data to the Administrator or the Company as they shall request. For the year ended 31 August 2018 the Promoter was entitled to a Financial Fee of £240,000 (2017: £201,736) of which £100,000 is outstanding at the year end (2017: £20,000).

Sales and Marketing Allowance

The Promoter will be entitled to receive an initial sales and marketing allowance calculated as 5% of the gross amount invested by subscribers in A Shares. The sales and marketing allowance is offset against share premium in the period the allowance is incurred. No sales and marketing allowance charges were incurred in the current year (2017: £Nil).

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
7 CUSTODIAN'S FEES

The Custodian's fee is 0.03% of the NAV of the Company, calculated and accrued as at each Dealing Day, subject to a minimum fee of £10,000 per annum and transaction fees of £30 per transaction. The Custodian also charged an initial set up fee of £5,000. The agreement was amended on 1 March 2015 such that the custody fee is subject to a minimum of £20,000 per annum, with other terms unchanged. The Custodian officially served a termination during 2016 and the Company is looking for an alternative custodian.

For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Custodian was entitled to fees totalling £20,009 (2017: £29,800) of which £10,064 is outstanding at the year end (2017: £5,028).

8 DIRECTORS' FEES AND EXPENSES

Effective from 1 September 2015, each Director of the Company is entitled to receive, out of the assets of the Company, a fee of £45,000 per annum with the Chairman receiving an additional £5,000. Furthermore, £5,000 per annum for the Audit Committee Chairman and an additional £3,000 per annum for any audit committee member other than the Chairman and £40,000 per annum for Kerry-Anne Marais for the European Entities (capped at a total of £50,000 per Director per annum and £90,000 per annum for Kerry-Anne Marais). In addition, a daily fee of £750 will be paid for any days worked resulting from exceptional travel or work in relation to the Company. The aggregate remuneration payable to the Directors, exclusive of any exceptional daily fee as referred to above, from the Company in respect of each financial year shall not exceed £250,000.

For the year ended 31 August 2018, total Directors' fees and expenses is £259,645 (2017: £135,863) of which £156,089 (2017: £17,250) is outstanding and £7,500 (2017: £7,500) has been prepaid at the year end.

9 PROPERTY ADVISOR'S FEES

Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited (the "Property Advisor") provides property services to the Company on every transaction and makes recommendations to the Company in line with the Company's objectives. In return, the Property Advisor will receive a transactional fee of 1% of the acquisition price and 2% of the disposal price of each property asset. The additional 1% disposal fee is capped at a maximum of £800,000, after which the fee reverts to 1%. Where the Company acquires land, the Property Advisor will receive a fee of 2% of the land purchase price. Where the Company enters into a forward purchase agreement with a vendor the Property Advisor receives a fee of 3% of any loan amount also entered into pursuant to those agreements.

The agreements entered into by the Company and the Property Advisor will include a Development Management Fee for the Property Advisor of 10% of defined development costs and professional fees. In addition, there will be an overage profit due to the Property Advisor, where the increase in value after all costs is shared equally between the Property Advisor and the Company. In the case where the Company acquires land and enters into a land Development Management Agreement to develop that land, the Property Advisor will receive a Land Development Management Fee which is equivalent to the residual amount of increased value of the Property Investment after the Company has taken into consideration the purchase of the land, all development costs including fees and an agreed return to the Company. Such LDMF is accrued on a basis that represents the stage of completion and capitalised as part of property costs, no amounts were accrued as at 31 August 2017 or 31 August 2018.

On 1 July 2015, Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited (the "Asset Manager") and the Company entered into a new agreement for the provision of asset management services and to make recommendations to the Company in line with the Company's objectives. This agreement is effective as from 1 July 2015 and will continue for an initial period of 5 years and thereafter unless and until terminated by either the Company or the Asset Manager. The annual management fee will be £250 (or any equivalent in any other agreed currency) per room for all the assets under management.

The Promotor assigned the Debt Arrangement Fee to the Property Advisor from 10 September 2015 to 31 December 2016. For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Property Advisor was entitled to a Debt Arrangement Fee of £Nil (2017: £494,100) of which £Nil is outstanding at the year end (2017: £Nil).

For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Asset Manager/Property Advisor was entitled to fees totalling £374,350* (2017: £444,211*) of which £93,588 (2017: £Nil) is outstanding at the year end. The Property Advisor was also entitled to LDMF fees totalling £Nil* (2017: £Nil*) of which £Nil (2017: £Nil) is outstanding at the year end, Property Disposal fees of £Nil (2017: £816,000) of which £Nil (2017: £Nil) is outstanding at the year end and Debt Arrangement fees of £Nil (2017: £494,100) of which £Nil is outstanding at the year end (2017: £Nil).

* The asset management/property advisory fees as disclosed above include amounts of irrecoverable VAT. LDMF fees are stated exclusive of VAT as these are recoverable by the Company.

10 PROPERTY MANAGEMENT FEES

In consideration of its services under its Property Management Agreement, Prime Student Living Limited (the "Property Manager") will receive 6.25% of the total annual rent and other income received in respect of each Property. In the case where its services are required ahead of a completion of an acquisition the Property Manager will receive a fixed mobilisation fee of £10,000. In addition, a daily fee of £500 will be paid to attend meetings at the Company's request.

For the year ended 31 August 2018, the Property Manager was entitled to fees totalling £624,011 (2017: £891,625) of which £57,922 is outstanding at the year end (2017: £Nil) (see note 11).

11 PROPERTY OPERATING COSTS

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Property management fees (note 10) | 624,011 | 891,625 |
| Operational expenses | 2,076,426 | 2,085,615 |
| Insurance costs | 171,674 | 230,245 |
| | 2,872,111 | 3,207,485 |

Operational expenses comprise electricity, repairs and servicing, security, broadband, maintenance and cleaning.

12 OTHER EXPENSES

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Advertising expenses | 125,709 | 462,397 |
| Audit fees | 214,122 | 207,509 |
| Bank charges | 139,142 | 76,886 |
| Listing fees | - | 28,920 |
| Valuation agent fees | 41,973 | 69,807 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 114,832 | (80,831) |
| | 635,778 | 764,688 |

The Group has no employees. The Directors are the only key personnel of the Group, details of the amounts the Directors received in the form of remuneration are disclosed in note 8.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
13 FINANCE EXPENSES

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Loan interest on external borrowings | 1,147,952 | 1,245,286 |
| Debt arrangement fees (see notes 6 and 9) | - | 494,100 |
| Early loan repayment fee | - | 1,275,425 |
| | <u>1,147,952</u> | <u>3,014,811</u> |

The above finance expenses arise on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. In accordance with the Group's accounting policies certain borrowing costs have been capitalised.

14 TAX EXPENSE

Victus European Student Accommodation Fund IC Limited is an open-ended investment scheme and is therefore exempt from taxation in Guernsey under the provisions of the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance (Amendment), 1989. As such, the Company is only liable to Guernsey tax paying a fixed annual fee of £1,200. The Group is liable to foreign tax arising in the overseas activities including France, Belgium and the United Kingdom. Subsidiaries incorporated in Guernsey are subject to taxation on rental income.

The tax charge for the year comprises:

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|--|--------------------|------------------|
| Current tax: | | |
| French taxation - at France's statutory income tax rate of 34.4% (2017: 34.4%) | 62,044 | - |
| Belgium taxation - at Belgium's statutory income tax rate of 33.99% (2017: 33.99%) | 179,096 | 8,911 |
| Guernsey taxation - at Guernsey's statutory income tax rate of 20% (2017: 20%) | 12,764 | - |
| United Kingdom taxation - at United Kingdom's statutory income tax rate of 20% (2017: 20%) | 541,956 | 44,266 |
| | <u>795,860</u> | <u>53,177</u> |
| Deferred tax: | | |
| Taxable temporary differences on recognition of future disposals of properties at fair value | (274,704) | 113,987 |
| Income tax expense reported in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | <u>521,156</u> | <u>167,164</u> |
| (Loss)/profit for the year before tax | <u>(3,165,133)</u> | <u>7,262,277</u> |
| (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities at applicable tax rate | (750,447) | 1,511,212 |
| Non-deductible expenses/income not taxable | 1,091,436 | (1,769,285) |
| Carried forward tax losses | - | 298,862 |
| Capital allowances and timing differences | 67,614 | 12,388 |
| Tax charge not recognised in prior years | 387,257 | - |
| Current year tax charge | <u>795,860</u> | <u>53,177</u> |
| Deferred tax | <u>(274,704)</u> | <u>113,987</u> |
| Income tax recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | <u>521,156</u> | <u>167,164</u> |

| Deferred taxation | Consolidated Statement of Financial Position | | Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | |
|--|---|----------------|---|----------------|
| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
| Deferred tax liability | | | | |
| Revaluation of investment property to fair value | 668,435 | 943,139 | (274,704) | 113,987 |
| | <u>668,435</u> | <u>943,139</u> | <u>(274,704)</u> | <u>113,987</u> |

A deferred tax asset of £718,286 (2017: £912,261) relating to the UK portfolio has not been recognised as it is considered that future taxable profits will not be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilised to its full extent.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
15 EARNINGS PER SHARE (BASIC AND DILUTED)

The basic and diluted profits per Redeemable Participating Share for the Company are based on the profit for the year and on the total weighted average number of shares in issue for that year. Profit is attributable to the share classes after deducting share class specific expenditure and deducting the remaining expenses on a weighted average basis.

| | Loss for the year (Currency) | Loss for the year £ | Weighted average number of shares in issue | Earnings per share (Currency) | Earnings per share £ (pence) |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Year ended 31 August 2018 | | | | | |
| GBP - Class A | (682,813) | (682,813) | 8,151,044 | (8.38) | (8.38) |
| EUR - Class A | (1,509,950) | (1,336,223) | 22,408,844 | (6.74) | (5.96) |
| CHF - Class A | (147,470) | (112,230) | 1,988,066 | (7.42) | (5.65) |
| USD - Class A | (711,183) | (528,148) | 9,596,514 | (7.41) | (5.50) |
| GBP - Class B | (346,281) | (346,281) | 3,963,634 | (8.74) | (8.74) |
| EUR - Class B | (198,930) | (176,042) | 2,816,813 | (7.06) | (6.25) |
| CHF - Class B | (22,316) | (16,983) | 302,959 | (7.37) | (5.61) |
| USD - Class B | (656,542) | (487,569) | 9,743,258 | (6.74) | (5.00) |
| | | (3,686,289) | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Profit for the year (Currency) | Profit the year £ | Weighted average number of shares in issue | Earnings per share (Currency) | Earnings per share £ (pence) |
| Year ended 31 August 2017 | | | | | |
| as restated | | | | | |
| GBP - Class A | 1,314,232 | 1,314,231 | 8,151,044 | 16.12 | 16.12 |
| EUR - Class A | 2,959,971 | 2,571,867 | 22,408,844 | 13.21 | 11.48 |
| CHF - Class A | 270,205 | 216,013 | 1,959,066 | 13.79 | 11.03 |
| USD - Class A | 1,286,444 | 1,016,542 | 9,567,514 | 13.45 | 10.62 |
| GBP - Class B | 666,498 | 666,498 | 3,960,734 | 16.83 | 16.83 |
| EUR - Class B | 389,965 | 338,834 | 2,816,813 | 13.84 | 12.03 |
| CHF - Class B | 40,888 | 32,688 | 302,959 | 13.50 | 10.79 |
| USD - Class B | 1,187,605 | 938,440 | 9,743,258 | 12.19 | 9.63 |
| | | 7,095,113 | | | |

Subsequent to the year end no further shares have been issued as the Fund continues to be suspended from trading.

16 COMPLETED INVESTMENT PROPERTY

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Opening balance | 83,992,094 | 112,155,436 |
| Subsequent expenditure | 297,850 | 512,479 |
| (Deficit)/surplus on revaluation | (3,248,006) | 8,479,355 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign currencies | (852,069) | 2,219,826 |
| Disposals | - | (38,599,878) |
| Realised loss on disposal | - | (775,124) |
| Closing balance | 80,189,869 | 83,992,094 |

The Directors have engaged CBRE Limited, Chartered Surveyors, as valuers of the UK investment properties and Savills (UK) Limited, Chartered Surveyors, as valuers of the European investment properties. The properties' fair value have been based on these valuations adjusted for costs to sell.

During the prior year properties at Pitt Street, United Kingdom were sold for consideration less costs to sell of £33,349,876. £775,124 has been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as a net realised loss on disposal with regard to these sales.

As at the year ended 31 August 2018, £81,189,869 (2017: £83,992,094) of the completed investment property is deemed to be available for sale. As detailed in note 2.11 the Directors have decided to wind up the Company and therefore all of the assets are for sale.

As at 31 August 2018 the Group owned the following completed investment property:

- Student housing accommodation at 10 Anchor Road, Bristol, England, United Kingdom (Victus (Guernsey) 2 Developments Limited).
- Student housing accommodation at Vauxhall Road, Liverpool, England, United Kingdom (Victus (Guernsey) 4 Developments Limited).
- Student housing accommodation at St Lawrence, Bristol, England, United Kingdom (Victus (Guernsey) 6 Management Company Limited).
- Student housing accommodation at 105/106 Eichenstrasse, 26131 Oldenburg, Germany (CBC Acquico 1 S.à.r.l.).
- Student housing accommodation at 29/31 Martinsburg, D-49078 Osnabrück, Germany (CBC Acquico 2 S.à.r.l.).
- Student housing accommodation at 73370 Le Bourget-du-Lac, Chambéry, France (FHC Chambéry S.à.r.l.).
- Student housing accommodation at 25 Rue Jean Fleuret, 33000 Bordeaux, France (FHC Bordeaux SAS).

For further details regarding the security held against Investment Property in respect of borrowing facilities of the Group see note 20. The properties held by FHC Chambéry S.à.r.l. and FHC Bordeaux SAS are the only assets above which are not secured. The fair value of the property held by FHC Chambéry S.à.r.l. as at 31 August 2018 is £7,382,120 (2017: £8,553,070). The fair value of the property at FHC Bordeaux SAS as at 31 August 2018 is £7,932,511 (2017: £9,361,659).

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**

17 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 19 May 2017, the group entered into a sale agreement to dispose of Victus (Guernsey) 3 Limited.

(i) Financial performance information

The results of Victus (Guernsey) 3 Limited which have been included in the consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period up to the date of disposal are set out below.

| | Period ended 19 May 2017 £ |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Income | |
| Revenue | 471,934 |
| Property operating costs | <u>(178,838)</u> |
| Net rental income | <u>293,096</u> |
| Revaluation of completed investment property | 131,250 |
| Movement in fair value of interest rate swap | - |
| Expenditure | (88,388) |
| Operating profit | <u>335,958</u> |
| Finance expenses | (160,199) |
| Profit before tax | <u>175,759</u> |
| Tax credit/(expense) | - |
| Gain on disposal of discontinued operations | 392,684 |
| Profit from discontinued operation | <u>568,443</u> |

There were no disposals of subsidiaries during the current year.

(ii) Details of the sale of subsidiary

| | 2017 £ |
|--|------------------|
| Consideration received | |
| Cash (less costs of disposal) | <u>(129,094)</u> |
| Total disposal consideration | <u>(129,094)</u> |
| Carrying amount of net liabilities sold | 521,778 |
| Gain on sale | <u>392,684</u> |

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities as at the date of sale (19 May 2017) were

| | 19 May 2017 £ |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Completed investment property | 5,250,000 |
| Trade and other receivables | 12,248 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | - |
| Total assets | <u>5,262,248</u> |
| Borrowings | (3,210,332) |
| Loan due to Group | (2,441,962) |
| Trade and other payables | <u>(131,732)</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>(5,784,026)</u> |
| Net liabilities | <u>(521,778)</u> |

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
18 EARNINGS PER SHARE ON DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The basic and diluted profits per Redeemable Participating Share for the Discontinued Operations are based on the profit for the period and on the total weighted average number of shares in issue for that period. Profit is attributable to the share classes after deducting share class specific expenditure and deducting the remaining expenses on a weighted average basis.

| | Profit for the period (Currency) | Profit for the period £ | Weighted average number of shares in issue | Earnings per share (Currency) | Earnings per share £ (pence) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Period ended 19 May 2017 | | | | | |
| GBP - Class A | 32,556 | 32,556 | 8,151,044 | 0.40 | 0.40 |
| EUR - Class A | 74,059 | 63,709 | 22,408,844 | 0.33 | 0.28 |
| CHF - Class A | 6,702 | 5,351 | 1,959,066 | 0.34 | 0.27 |
| USD - Class A | 31,607 | 25,182 | 9,567,514 | 0.33 | 0.26 |
| GBP - Class B | 16,510 | 16,510 | 3,960,734 | 0.42 | 0.42 |
| EUR - Class B | 9,757 | 8,394 | 2,816,813 | 0.35 | 0.30 |
| CHF - Class B | 1,014 | 810 | 302,959 | 0.33 | 0.27 |
| USD - Class B | 29,179 | 23,247 | 9,743,258 | 0.30 | 0.24 |
| | | <u>175,759</u> | | | |

19 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| VAT receivable | 91,795 | 184,023 |
| Third party deposit accounts | 828,474 | 1,218,119 |
| Other receivables | 654,628 | 591,274 |
| Prepayments | 93,225 | 104,134 |
| Accrued income | 893,831 | 986,657 |
| | <u>2,561,953</u> | <u>3,084,207</u> |

The third party deposit accounts consist of monies held by third parties on behalf of the Group towards contractual development costs and property management income and expenditure. Included within accrued income is £653,550 (2017: £770,509) relating to rent guarantees for the investment properties at Vauxhall Road, Liverpool and St Lawrence, Bristol.

The Directors have assessed that none of the receivables are past due, renegotiated or impaired and as such all of the receivables are expected to be recovered.

20 BORROWINGS

| | 2018 £ | 2018 £ | 2018 £ |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Lender | Loan Principal | Accrued Interest | Carrying amount |
| Current Portion | | | |
| Allied Irish Banks | 23,571,000 | 155,238 | 23,726,238 |
| Deutsche Genossenschafts-Hypothekenbank Aktiengesellschaft | 6,158,954 | 28,188 | 6,187,142 |
| National Westminster Bank p.l.c | 6,375,000 | 576 | 6,375,576 |
| | <u>36,104,954</u> | <u>184,002</u> | <u>36,288,956</u> |
| Total loans payable | <u>36,104,954</u> | <u>184,002</u> | <u>36,288,956</u> |
| | 2017 £ | 2017 £ | 2017 £ |
| Lender | Loan Principal | Accrued Interest | Carrying amount |
| Current Portion | | | |
| Allied Irish Banks | 24,618,600 | 74,333 | 24,692,933 |
| Deutsche Genossenschafts-Hypothekenbank Aktiengesellschaft | 6,480,735 | 29,705 | 6,510,440 |
| National Westminster Bank p.l.c | 6,600,000 | 46,477 | 6,646,477 |
| | <u>37,699,335</u> | <u>150,515</u> | <u>37,849,850</u> |
| Total loans payable | <u>37,699,335</u> | <u>150,515</u> | <u>37,849,850</u> |

National Westminster Bank p.l.c

On 13 December 2016, Victus (Guernsey) 2 Developments Limited had a fully drawn facility of £6,750,000. The loan applies interest at a variable rate of 2.50% plus a variable LIBOR rate per annum. The term of the loan was 36 months.

As at 31 August 2018 the total outstanding principal and accrued interest was £6,375,576 (2017: £6,646,477). The loans are secured over the associated property as well as the entire issued share capital of the borrower. The fair value of the property held as security at 31 August 2018 is £12,879,751 (2017: £12,694,500).

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
20 BORROWINGS (continued)
Deutsche Genossenschafts-Hypothekenbank Aktiengesellschaft ("DG Hyp")

On 29 January 2014, CBC AcquiCo1 S.à.r.l. entered into a Euro loan agreement with DG Hyp of €2,779,000. The granted loan was required for the acquisition of the property "Hernamm-Ehlers-Saus" located at Echenstraße 105/107, D-26131 Oldenburg. As at 31 August 2018, outstanding principal and accrued interest was €2,694,418 (2017: €2,756,923). The loan facility accrues interest at a fixed rate of 2.59% per annum, fixed for the term of the loan which expires 31 March 2019. In addition to the quarterly interest payments, 2.00% of the outstanding principal amount shall be repaid. The loan is secured on the associated property and bank balances. The fair value of the property secured against this facility at the year end date is £4,036,146 (2017: £4,537,081). It is the intention that this loan will be repaid on its due date.

On 29 January 2014, CBC AcquiCo2 S.à.r.l. entered into a loan agreement with DG Hyp of €4,340,000. The granted loan was required for the acquisition of the property "Hernamm-Ehlers-Saus" located at Martinsburg 29 + 31, D-49078 Osnabrück. As at 31 August 2018, outstanding principal and accrued interest was €4,210,682 (2017: €4,308,365). The loan facility accrues interest at a fixed rate of 2.59% per annum, fixed for the term of the loan which expires 31 March 2019. In addition to the quarterly interest payments, 2.00% of the outstanding principal amount shall be repaid. The loan is secured on the associated property and bank balances. The fair value of the property secured against this facility at the year end date is £6,141,582 (2017: £6,998,783). It is the intention that this loan will be repaid on its due date.

Allied Irish Banks ("AIB")

On 18 February 2016, Victus (Guernsey) 4 Developments Limited agreed a loan facility with AIB of £12,800,000. The granted loan was required for the settlement of the previous financing used to acquire the property "Vauxhall Road". As at 31 August 2018, outstanding principal and accrued interest was £11,595,870 (2017: £12,032,000). The loan facility accrues interest at a fixed rate of LIBOR + 2% per annum, fixed for the term of the loan which expires 18 February 2021. The loan is secured on the associated property and a charge over shares. The fair value of the property secured against this facility at the year end date is £20,475,000 (2017: £20,631,000).

On 18 February 2016, Victus (Guernsey) 6 Management Company Limited agreed a loan facility with AIB of £13,390,000. The granted loan was required for the settlement of the previous financing used to acquire the property "St Lawrence". As at 31 August 2018, outstanding principal and accrued interest was £12,130,368 (2017: £12,660,933). The loan facility accrues interest at a fixed rate of LIBOR + 2% per annum, fixed for the term of the loan which expires 18 February 2021. The loan is secured on the associated property and a charge over shares. The fair value of the property secured against this facility at the year end date is £21,342,750 (2017: £21,216,000).

21 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| | £ | £ |
| Administration fees (note 5) | 80,532 | 58,011 |
| Annual management charge (note 6) | 646,627 | 48,658 |
| Financial fee (note 6) | 100,000 | 20,000 |
| Audit fees | 85,000 | 169,125 |
| Capital expenditure: | | |
| Acquisition costs outstanding | 1,509,696 | 1,439,296 |
| VAT payable | - | 66,016 |
| VAT payable | 70,660 | - |
| Custodian's fees (note 7) | 10,064 | 3,352 |
| Deferred income | 897,319 | 1,080,838 |
| Directors' fees and expenses (note 8) | 156,089 | 17,250 |
| Legal and professional fees | 256,838 | - |
| Loan payable - Prime Student Living Limited | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Redemption proceeds not yet paid out | 2,814,995 | 2,814,995 |
| Other payables and accruals | 1,895,428 | 2,075,436 |
| | 9,023,248 | 8,292,977 |

The Group has entered into a Development Management and Advisory Services Agreement (the "Development Agreement") whereby CPAGL shall coordinate and oversee the detailed design, development and negotiation of the building contract with the building contractor and developer. In return for these services, CPAGL shall be remunerated by way of a LDMF whereby they shall receive a fee equal to an agreed percentage (ranges between 95% and 99%) of the Open Market Value of the Property at Practical Completion less development costs, initial land valuation, developer's fee as well as an agreed return of 12% to the Group for amounts paid towards development costs from the Group's own equity. As at 31 August 2018 £Nil (2017: £Nil) is accrued and included in capital expenditure above.

The loan due to Prime Student Living Limited is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

22 FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" requires disclosures relating to fair value measurements using a three-level fair value hierarchy. The level within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability. The following table shows investment properties recognised at fair value, categorised between those whose fair value is based on:

- (a) Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (b) Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;
- (c) Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
22 FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)
Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table shows how items measured at fair value are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as at 31 August 2018:

| As at 31 August 2018 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Completed investment property | - | - | 80,189,869 | 80,189,869 |
| | - | - | 80,189,869 | 80,189,869 |
| | | | | |
| As at 31 August 2017 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Completed investment property | - | - | 83,992,094 | 83,992,094 |
| | - | - | 83,992,094 | 83,992,094 |

Valuation process for Level 3 valuations

Valuations are the responsibility of the Board of Directors.

The Board engages the services of CBRE Limited and Savills (UK) Limited to assist in their assessment of the fair values of investment properties. The fair values are based on market values as defined in the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors Valuation Professional Standards. Any assumptions made by the valuer are reviewed by the Board for their reasonableness.

Valuation techniques
a) Completed investment property

The fair value of completed UK investment property is determined by CBRE Limited and completed European investment property by Savills (UK) Limited. Completed investment properties are valued on an investment method using inputs which include but are not limited to rental income and investment yields. The deductions for purchaser's costs is in accordance with the local position existing at the valuation date. The resulting valuations are cross checked by the external valuers against investment yields and capital values per room derived from market transactions. This is a recognised valuation technique which is reviewed and varied where appropriate to reflect market comparable data. Where a property is subject to an agreement with a University, the valuations will also reflect the length of the agreement, the level of rent or occupancy guarantee, the allocation of any operational and marketing responsibilities and the market's general perception of the University's standing. The valuation technique used has not changed from the prior period. The fair value of completed investment property is classified as Level 3.

Quantitative information of significant unobservable inputs - Level 3

The following table details the valuation techniques and unobservable inputs made in determining the Level 3 valuations:

| Description | 2018 | 2018 | | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | € | £ | | | |
| Completed investment property (UK) | - | 54,697,500 | Investment method | Rental income (£ per week)* | £111 - £239 |
| | | | | Net initial yield (%)** | 5.25% - 6.25% |
| Completed investment property (Europe) | 28,450,500 | 25,492,365 | Investment method | Rental income (€ per month)* | €54 - €800 |
| | | | | Net initial yield (%)** | 5.66% - 5.84% |

* Rental income is core student rental income before costs on a per room per week basis on the UK properties and all-in-rent before costs on a per room per month basis for the Europe assets.

** Net initial yield is shown after the deduction of purchaser's costs which is not the same as the European Public Real Estate Association ("EPRA") net initial yield which is gross of purchaser's costs.

Quantitative information of significant unobservable inputs - Level 3

| Description | 2017 | 2017 | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| | € | £ | | | |
| Completed investment property (UK) | - | 54,541,500 | Investment method | Rental income (£ per week)* | £106 - £232 |
| | | | | Net initial yield (%)** | 5.25% - 6.00% |
| Completed investment property (Europe) | 31,960,500 | 29,450,594 | Investment method | Rental income (€ per month)* | €42 - €340 |
| | | | | Net initial yield (%)** | 4.00% - 6.35% |

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
22 FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued)
Fair value hierarchy (continued)
Sensitivity analysis to significant changes in unobservable inputs within level hierarchy

Changes in the investment valuation inputs will have an effect on the fair value method of the completed investment properties and estimated gross development value. For example, reduced rental income will result in a decrease in value, whilst yield compression will result in an increase in value. All these inputs are inter-related as they are determined by market conditions and this inter-relationship may mitigate the impact on value if inputs move in opposite directions.

Level 3 reconciliation

The Directors have re-assessed the investment properties valued at fair value for the year ended 31 August 2018 and have determined that there is no change in the level the investment properties above were classified during the year ended 31 August 2018. The following table shows a reconciliation of all movements in the fair value of investment properties categorised within Level 3 between the beginning and the end of the reporting period:

| As at 31 August 2018 | Completed investment property £ | Total £ |
|---|--|--------------------|
| Balance at 1 September 2017 | 83,992,094 | 83,992,094 |
| Losses in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income: | | |
| - unrealised | (3,248,006) | (3,248,006) |
| - currency translation difference in OCI | (852,069) | (852,069) |
| Purchases at cost | 297,850 | 297,850 |
| Balance at 31 August 2018 | 80,189,869 | 80,189,869 |
| As at 31 August 2017 | Completed investment property £ | Total £ |
| Balance at 1 September 2016 | 112,155,436 | 112,155,436 |
| Gains in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income: | | |
| - unrealised | 8,479,355 | 8,479,355 |
| - currency translation difference in OCI | 2,219,826 | 2,219,826 |
| Purchases at cost | 512,479 | 512,479 |
| Disposals | (38,599,878) | (38,599,878) |
| Realised loss on disposal | (775,124) | (775,124) |
| Balance at 31 August 2017 | 83,992,094 | 83,992,094 |

Other financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed

As at 31 August 2018 and 2017 the carrying amounts of cash at bank, receivables, payables, accrued expenses and short-term borrowings reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements are reasonable estimates of fair value in view of the nature of these instruments or the relatively short period of time between the origination of the instruments and their expected realisation.

The fair value of non-current financial instruments for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments. The fair value of the Group's non-current floating interest rate loans payable at the end of the Group's reporting periods is not significantly different from the carrying amounts. The current market interest rates utilised for discounting purposes, which were almost equivalent to the respective instruments' contractual interest rates. The fair value estimates have been categorised as Level 3 within the fair value measurement hierarchy required by IFRS 13. The significant input is the value of collateral offered on such loans and the ranking of the borrowers claim on that collateral.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
23 SHARES

The Company can issue an unlimited number of Shares subject to and in accordance with the authority contained in the Articles. The Directors may allot and issue shares as Management Shares of no par value or as full or fractional Redeemable Participating Shares of no par value.

| | 2018 Shares | 2018 £ | 2017 Shares | 2017 £ |
|---|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| <u>Issued and unpaid</u> | | | | |
| 1 Management Share of no par value | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>1</u> |
| <u>Issued and fully paid</u> | | | | |
| Redeemable Participating Shares no par value shares at 31 August 2018 | | | | |
| GBP - Class A | 8,151,043.72 | 8,184,329 | 8,151,043.72 | 8,184,329 |
| EUR - Class A | 22,408,843.52 | 19,673,573 | 22,408,843.52 | 19,673,573 |
| CHF - Class A | 1,988,065.70 | 1,242,635 | 1,988,065.70 | 1,242,635 |
| USD - Class A | 9,596,514.40 | 6,855,874 | 9,596,514.40 | 6,855,874 |
| GBP - Class B | 3,963,633.99 | 3,779,861 | 3,963,633.99 | 3,779,861 |
| EUR - Class B | 2,816,813.35 | 2,815,199 | 2,816,813.35 | 2,815,199 |
| CHF - Class B | 302,959.41 | 206,109 | 302,959.41 | 206,109 |
| USD - Class B | 9,743,258.17 | 7,158,192 | 9,743,258.17 | 7,158,192 |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| | <u>58,971,132.26</u> | <u>49,915,772</u> | <u>58,971,132.26</u> | <u>49,915,772</u> |
| Total in issue | <u>58,971,133.26</u> | <u>49,915,773</u> | <u>58,971,133.26</u> | <u>49,915,773</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 | | 31 August 2017 | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 58,976,495.42 | 49,915,772 | 58,976,495.42 | 49,915,772 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>58,976,495.42</u> | <u>49,915,772</u> | <u>58,976,495.42</u> | <u>49,915,772</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 GBP - Class A | | 31 August 2017 GBP - Class A | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 8,151,043.72 | 8,184,329 | 8,151,043.72 | 8,184,329 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>8,151,043.72</u> | <u>8,184,329</u> | <u>8,151,043.72</u> | <u>8,184,329</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 EUR - Class A | | 31 August 2017 EUR - Class A | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 22,408,843.52 | 19,673,573 | 22,408,843.52 | 19,673,573 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>22,408,843.52</u> | <u>19,673,573</u> | <u>22,408,843.52</u> | <u>19,673,573</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 CHF - Class A | | 31 August 2017 CHF - Class A | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 1,988,065.70 | 1,242,635 | 1,988,065.70 | 1,242,635 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>1,988,065.70</u> | <u>1,242,635</u> | <u>1,988,065.70</u> | <u>1,242,635</u> |

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
23 SHARES (continued)

| | 31 August 2018 USD - Class A | | 31 August 2017 USD - Class A | |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 9,596,514.40 | 6,855,874 | 9,547,579.67 | 6,790,874 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Transferred from USD Class B during year | - | - | 48,934.73 | 65,000 |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>9,596,514.40</u> | <u>6,855,874</u> | <u>9,596,514.40</u> | <u>6,855,874</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 GBP - Class B | | 31 August 2017 GBP - Class B | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 3,963,633.99 | 3,779,861 | 3,963,633.99 | 3,779,861 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>3,963,633.99</u> | <u>3,779,861</u> | <u>3,963,633.99</u> | <u>3,779,861</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 EUR - Class B | | 31 August 2017 EUR - Class B | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 2,816,813.35 | 2,815,199 | 2,816,813.35 | 2,815,199 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>2,816,813.35</u> | <u>2,815,199</u> | <u>2,816,813.35</u> | <u>2,815,199</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 CHF - Class B | | 31 August 2017 CHF - Class B | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 302,959.41 | 206,109 | 302,959.41 | 206,109 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>302,959.41</u> | <u>206,109</u> | <u>302,959.41</u> | <u>206,109</u> |
| | 31 August 2018 USD - Class B | | 31 August 2017 USD - Class B | |
| | Shares | £ | Shares | £ |
| Opening Balance | 9,743,258.17 | 7,158,192 | 9,797,556 | 7,223,192 |
| Issued during year | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemed during the year | - | - | - | - |
| Transferred to USD Class A during year | - | - | (54,297.89) | (65,000) |
| Issuance costs | - | - | - | - |
| Closing Balance | <u>9,743,258.17</u> | <u>7,158,192</u> | <u>9,743,258.17</u> | <u>7,158,192</u> |

Management Shares

The Management Shares are non-redeemable. A holder of Management Shares is entitled to one vote on a show of hands or one vote for each Management Share on a poll. The Management Shares do not carry any right to dividends. In a winding up the holders of Management Shares are entitled to receive sums up to the amount paid up on such Management Shares. Management Shares are classified as equity.

Redeemable Participating Shares

Holders of the Redeemable Participating Shares are entitled to one vote for each Redeemable Participating Share held. Shares are redeemable and holders of shares are entitled on each dealing day to offer shares for redemption subject to such limitation as may be specified in the Information Memorandum or in the Articles. On a winding up, the holders of shares are entitled to participate in the distribution of capital pro rata according to their relative NAVs to the number of shares in the relevant class fund and pari passu pursuant to the prospectus according to the number of shares held. Income attributable to the shares shall be accumulated and reflected in the NAV of such shares (calculated in accordance with redemption requirements as set out in the Information Memorandum). The Directors have determined that all income attributable to all share classes shall be accumulated and reflected in the NAV of the shares.

The Promoter will be entitled to receive an initial sales and marketing allowance calculated as 5% of the gross amount invested in Class A shares. Pursuant to the prospectus for the purposes of calculating the Class A shares NAV, the sales and marketing allowance is amortised over a sixty month period. As the Financial Statements are prepared under IFRS, the sales and marketing allowance is written off and offset against share premium in the period incurred. There is no such allowance in respect of Class B shares.

Redemption fees are applicable in respect of Class A shares and such calculations are based on the redemption of shares on a "first in first out" basis. No redemption fees apply to Class B shares. All other terms remain the same for all share classes.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
24 NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

The NAV per Redeemable Participating Share is based on the NAV and the number of Redeemable Ordinary Shares in issue at the reporting date.

| | 2018 | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Net asset value (Currency) | Net asset value £ | Number of shares | Net asset value per share (Currency) | Net asset value per share £ |
| GBP - Class A | 6,746,548 | 6,746,548 | 8,151,043.72 | 0.8277 | 0.8277 |
| EUR - Class A | 14,734,589 | 13,202,563 | 22,408,843.52 | 0.6575 | 0.5892 |
| CHF - Class A | 1,400,432 | 1,108,891 | 1,988,065.70 | 0.7044 | 0.5578 |
| USD - Class A | 6,788,566 | 5,218,370 | 9,547,579.67 | 0.7110 | 0.5466 |
| GBP - Class B | 3,421,434 | 3,421,434 | 3,963,633.99 | 0.8632 | 0.8632 |
| EUR - Class B | 1,941,226 | 1,739,388 | 2,816,813.35 | 0.6892 | 0.6175 |
| CHF - Class B | 211,918 | 167,801 | 302,959.41 | 0.6995 | 0.5539 |
| USD - Class B | 6,266,991 | 4,817,436 | 9,797,556.06 | 0.6396 | 0.4917 |
| | | <u>36,422,431</u> | | | |
| Represented by: | | | | | |
| Shares | | 49,915,772 | | | |
| Retained earnings attributable to Redeemable Participating Shareholders | | (11,464,986) | | | |
| Translation reserve attributable to Redeemable Participating Shareholders | | (2,028,355) | | | |
| | | <u>36,422,431</u> | | | |
| | | | 2017 | | |
| | Net asset value (Currency) | Net asset value £ | Number of shares | Net asset value per share (Currency) | Net asset value per share £ |
| GBP - Class A | 7,507,023 | 7,507,023 | 8,151,043.72 | 0.9210 | 0.9210 |
| EUR - Class A | 15,942,775 | 14,690,764 | 22,408,843.52 | 0.7115 | 0.6556 |
| CHF - Class A | 1,530,108 | 1,233,886 | 1,988,065.70 | 0.7696 | 0.6206 |
| USD - Class A | 7,486,576 | 5,806,588 | 9,547,579.67 | 0.7841 | 0.6082 |
| GBP - Class B | 3,807,100 | 3,807,100 | 3,963,633.99 | 0.9605 | 0.9605 |
| EUR - Class B | 2,100,400 | 1,935,453 | 2,816,813.35 | 0.7457 | 0.6871 |
| CHF - Class B | 231,541 | 186,715 | 302,959.41 | 0.7643 | 0.6163 |
| USD - Class B | 6,911,373 | 5,360,462 | 9,797,556.06 | 0.7054 | 0.5471 |
| | | <u>40,527,991</u> | | | |
| Represented by: | | | | | |
| Shares | | 49,915,772 | | | |
| Retained earnings attributable to Redeemable Participating Shareholders, as restated | | (7,778,697) | | | |
| Translation reserve attributable to Redeemable Participating Shareholders | | (1,609,084) | | | |
| | | <u>40,527,991</u> | | | |

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**

25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group is exposed to market risk (including interest rate risk, currency risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Group to manage these risks are discussed below.

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise bank loans, trade payables and derivatives. The Group has various financial assets such as cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The accounting policies with respect to these financial instruments are disclosed in note 2.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks and the Board of Directors' objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks.

Principal financial instruments

The financial instruments used by the Group, from which financial risks arises, are as follows:

| | 2018 £ | 2017 £ |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| As at 31 August 2018 | | |
| Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments and VAT) | 2,376,933 | 2,796,050 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 449,618 | 925,123 |
| Total financial assets | 2,826,551 | 3,721,173 |
| Loans payable | 36,288,956 | 37,849,850 |
| Trade and other payables (excluding deferred income) | 8,125,929 | 7,212,139 |
| Redeemable Participating Shares | 36,422,431 | 40,527,991 |
| Total financial liabilities | 80,837,316 | 85,589,980 |

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as (i) interest rates and (ii) foreign exchange rates. As at 31 August 2018 and 2017 the Group was not exposed to price risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During the year ended 31 August 2018 the Group had entered into borrowing arrangements with three providers as detailed in note 20 and summarised below.

| Provider | Interest type | Interest rate per annum |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|
| Deutsche Genossenschafts-Hypothekenbank Aktiengesellschaft | Fixed | 2.59% |
| AIB Group (UK) Plc | Variable | 2.00% plus LIBOR |
| National Westminster Bank p.l.c. | Variable | 4.25% plus LIBOR |

If LIBOR had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, an assumption unlikely to occur due to interest rate correlations with other variables, the impact on the Groups net profit and net assets would be £149,730 (2017: £156,093).

Due to the Company being in orderly wind up and the uncertainty in the dates that property disposals will be finalised and borrowings repaid the Directors consider that entering into interest SWAP agreements would not be appropriate at this time.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Group's reporting currency. The Group's subsidiaries finance the acquisition of property assets in the currency in which the asset is denominated so that the Group's exposure to changes in the Euro and Sterling value of its assets is minimised.

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposures with respect to the Euro. The Group's management monitors exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and, if appropriate, may use forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the currency exposure. Wherever possible, Group entities shall settle liabilities denominated in their own functional currency with cash generated from their own operations in that currency.

Upon receiving subscriptions through the non-Sterling share classes the Group typically exchanges these subscriptions monies to Sterling which in turn exposes the holders of those non-Sterling share classes to movements in that exchange rate against Sterling.

The tables below summarise the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk at the year end date. The Group's financial assets and liabilities are shown at their Sterling carrying amounts, categorised by their currency of denomination.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
Currency of denomination

| As at 31 August 2018 | Sterling £ | Euro £ | USD £ | CHF £ | Total £ |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments and VAT) | 2,101,537 | 275,396 | - | - | 2,376,933 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | - 182,590 | 632,208 | - | - | 449,618 |
| Total financial assets | 1,918,947 | 907,604 | - | - | 2,826,551 |
| Loans payable | 30,101,814 | 6,187,142 | - | - | 36,288,956 |
| Trade and other payables (excluding deferred income) | 6,875,816 | 1,250,113 | - | - | 8,125,929 |
| Redeemable Participating Shares | 10,167,982 | 14,941,951 | 10,035,806 | 1,276,692 | 36,422,431 |
| Total financial liabilities | 47,145,612 | 22,379,206 | 10,035,806 | 1,276,692 | 80,837,316 |

| As at 31 August 2017 | Sterling £ | Euro £ | USD £ | CHF £ | Total £ |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments and VAT) | 2,457,573 | 338,477 | - | - | 2,796,050 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 213,787 | 711,336 | - | - | 925,123 |
| Total financial assets | 2,671,360 | 1,049,813 | - | - | 3,721,173 |
| Loans payable | 31,339,410 | 6,510,440 | - | - | 37,849,850 |
| Trade and other payables (excluding deferred income), as restated | 4,358,763 | 2,853,376 | - | - | 7,212,139 |
| Interest rate swap | - | - | - | - | - |
| Redeemable Participating Shares | 11,314,123 | 16,626,218 | 11,167,049 | 1,420,601 | 40,527,991 |
| Total financial liabilities | 47,012,296 | 25,990,034 | 11,167,049 | 1,420,601 | 85,589,980 |

The Group manages foreign currency risk on an overall basis. A 10% fluctuation in the Euro foreign exchange rate as at 31 August 2018 would have increased/decreased the NAV of the Fund by £804,480 (2017: £788,359). No sensitivity is calculated on the Redeemable Participating Shares as the subscription monies is turned into Sterling at the date of the transaction, therefore, exposing the holder to the currency risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will fail to discharge its obligations or commitments to the Group resulting in a financial loss. The Directors do not anticipate losses in respect of rent receivables ("tenant credit risk") as each tenant in occupancy pays rent in advance before their contract commences, rental debtors receivable are not deemed to be material. As such the event of a default by a tenant in occupancy does not exist. No amounts are past due or impaired.

The company is exposed to some credit risk in relation to the amounts held as third party deposits. This risk is mitigated through the monies being 'ring fenced' and held with reputable financial institutions. The majority of the third party deposit amounts controlled by the Property Manager are held with National Westminster Bank p.l.c and Allied Irish Banks plc whose risk ratings are outlined below.

The Group had cash and cash equivalents of £449,618 as at 31 August 2018 (2017: £925,123). The cash, cash equivalents, bank deposits and interest rate swap are held with banks and financial institution counterparties. The Directors believe that the financial institutions that hold the Group's investments are financially sound and, accordingly, minimal credit risk exists with respect to these investments. The Group does not have a credit quality policy.

As at 31 August 2018, the Group held cash and cash equivalents with the following financial institutions:

| | Standard and Poor's Rating | 2018 £ | Standard and Poor's Rating | 2017 £ |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Allied Irish Banks plc | A2 | 21,992 | A3 | 102,893 |
| ING Bank N.V | A1 | 216,509 | A1 | 157,494 |
| National Westminster Bank p.l.c | A2 | (5,835) | A2 | 130,290 |
| HSBC plc | A1+ | - | A1+ | 462,368 |
| Royal Bank of Canada (Channel Islands) Limited | AA- | 103,876 | A1+ | 72,078 |
| Bank Caisse D'Epargne | A1 | 113,076 | | - |
| Total Group cash and cash equivalents | | 449,618 | | 925,123 |

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
25 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to pay its obligations as and when they fall due. Liquidity will be required to satisfy redemption requests by investors and the payment of fees and expenses by the Group. In certain adverse market conditions or when the demand for redemptions exceeds the level of subscriptions and the available cash resources, it may be necessary to sell some of the Group's assets in order to meet the demand for redemptions. The Articles permit the Directors to limit the number of Shares for the Company as a whole to be redeemed on a single dealing day to one tenth (10%). The illiquidity of these property related assets could make it difficult for the Group to liquidate such assets on favourable terms thereby exposing the Group to losses or a decrease in Net Assets Value.

A summary table of the contractual maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities is presented below, all contractual maturities are reported to be within one year due to the non-going concern basis of preparation:

| 31 August 2018 | 0 - 12 months | 1 - 2 years | 2 - 5 years | No fixed maturity date | Total |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Financial assets - current | | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments and VAT) | 2,376,933 | - | - | - | 2,376,933 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 449,618 | - | - | - | 449,618 |
| | <u>2,826,551</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2,826,551</u> |
| Financial liabilities - current | | | | | |
| Borrowings | (36,288,956) | - | - | - | (36,288,956) |
| Trade and other payables (excluding deferred income) | (8,125,929) | - | - | - | (8,125,929) |
| | <u>(44,414,885)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(44,414,885)</u> |
| Financial liabilities - non-current | | | | | |
| Redeemable Participating Shares | - | - | - | (36,422,431) | (36,422,431) |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(36,422,431)</u> | <u>(36,422,431)</u> |
| Liquidity Gap | <u>(41,588,334)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(36,422,431)</u> | <u>(78,010,765)</u> |
| Cumulative Liquidity Gap | <u>(41,588,334)</u> | <u>(41,588,334)</u> | <u>(41,588,334)</u> | <u>(78,010,765)</u> | |

The above liquidity gap does not take into consideration the completed investment property which could be disposed of and the proceeds used to pay any liabilities.

| 31 August 2017 | 0 - 12 months | 1 - 2 years | 2 - 5 years | No fixed maturity date | Total |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Financial assets - current | | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables (excluding prepayments) | 2,796,050 | - | - | - | 2,796,050 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 925,123 | - | - | - | 925,123 |
| | <u>3,721,173</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>3,721,173</u> |
| Financial liabilities - current | | | | | |
| Borrowings | (37,849,850) | - | - | - | (37,849,850) |
| Interest rate swap derivative | - | - | - | - | - |
| Trade and other payables (excluding deferred income) as restated | (7,212,139) | - | - | - | (7,212,139) |
| | <u>(45,061,989)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(45,061,989)</u> |
| Financial liabilities - non-current | | | | | |
| Redeemable Participating Shares | - | - | - | (40,527,991) | (40,527,991) |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(40,527,991)</u> | <u>(40,527,991)</u> |
| Liquidity Gap | <u>(41,340,816)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(40,527,991)</u> | <u>(81,868,807)</u> |
| Cumulative Liquidity Gap | <u>(41,340,816)</u> | <u>(41,340,816)</u> | <u>(41,340,816)</u> | <u>(81,868,807)</u> | |

The Board conducts regular assessments of Victus European Student Accommodation Fund's ("VESAF") operational and financial risks with reference to cash flow requirements, the debt position and the liquidity of its investments. Recognising that property investments are relatively illiquid, the policy of the Board was to maintain, where possible, cash balances equivalent to 10% of the net asset value as a contingency to meet investor redemption requests. The Board also maintains an ongoing dialogue with property agents so that it is able to identify and act upon attractive opportunities to sell assets at above carrying value as and when those opportunities may present themselves.

**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 August 2018 (continued)**
26 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital consists of Redeemable Preference Shares, see note 24. The Group's capital management objective is to maintain optimal capital structures within the Group which maximise returns for shareholders whilst minimising costs of capital.

For the managing of capital and liquidity see note 25 for further details.

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | £ | £ |
| Net debt | | |
| Borrowings - current and non-current | 36,288,956 | 37,849,850 |
| Less cash and cash equivalents | (449,618) | (925,123) |
| | <u>35,839,338</u> | <u>36,924,727</u> |
| Net assets attributable to holders of Redeemable Participating Shares (excluding borrowings) | <u>72,711,387</u> | <u>78,377,841</u> |
| Gearing ratio | <u>49.29%</u> | <u>47.11%</u> |

The Group has a gearing policy by which it may borrow up to 100% of the ungeared NAV at any point during the life of the Company. Borrowings will amplify the positive effects of rising prices for investors, but will also exacerbate the detrimental effects of falling values. Hence the volatility of NAV (which is an accepted measure of risk) will increase as gearing increases. Material falls in the value of invested properties, or banks enforcing their security covenants, could result in the Company losing some or all of its assets and as a consequence investors losing some or all of their investment.

27 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

For the purposes of these Financial Statements, a related party is an entity or entities who are able to exercise significant influence directly or indirectly on the Group's operations or have the same common directorship as the Company. The Board of Directors are considered to be key management.

Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited is considered a related party by virtue of common control through Kerry-Anne Marais and James Metcalf being directors. Crosslane Fund Managers LLP, Crosslane (Hawkhill) LLP, Crosslane Student Developments UK Limited, Prime Student Living Limited, CBB JV S.à.r.l. and European Property Development (Guernsey) Limited are all considered to be related parties by virtue of common control through James Metcalf being a director and shareholder.

Crosslane Property Advisor (Guernsey) Limited received fees totalling £374,350 (2017: £1,754,311) for the year ended 31 August 2018 of which £93,688 (2017: £Nil) was outstanding at the year end. The nature of fees received are as disclosed in note 9.

Crosslane Fund Managers LLP received fees totalling £823,896 (2017: £708,702) for the year ended 31 August 2018 of which £146,627 (2017: £68,658) was outstanding at the year end. The nature of fees received are as disclosed in note 6.

At 31 August 2018 £520,187 (2017: £520,187) was due to the Fund by Crosslane Fund Managers LLP in relation to costs of the Fund which Crosslane Fund Managers LLP has undertaken to reimburse.

Prime Student Living Limited received fees totalling £624,011 (2017: £891,625) for the year ended 31 August 2018 of which £57,922 (2017: £Nil) was outstanding at the year end. The nature of fees received are as disclosed in note 10. At the current and prior year end Prime Student Living Limited has a £500,000 unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand loan due to it by the Group. As at 31 August 2018 £653,550 (2017: £770,509) was due to the Group from Prime Student Living Limited with regard to Rental Guarantees.

As at 31 August 2018 the Company owed CBB JV S.à.r.l. £1,509,696 (2017: £1,439,296) for the purchase of shares in FHC Chambéry S.à.r.l. and FHC Bordeaux SAS. No further transactions have occurred in the current financial year.

28 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The Directors do not consider the Company to have an ultimate controlling party as there is no one party that has the ability to direct the financial and operating policies of the Company with a view to gaining economic benefit from its activities.

29 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the year end the UK property portfolio being those properties at 10 Anchor Road, Bristol, Vauxhall Road, Liverpool and St Lawrence, Bristol together with their related SPVs were sold for a total consideration of £55 Million.

Prior to the settlement of the UK property portfolio the Board reached agreement with Crosslane Fund Managers LLP and group companies for a settlement of fees to the 14 March 2019 of £3,212,652 as follows:

The Company owed CBB JV S.à.r.l. for the purchase of shares in FHC Chambéry S.à.r.l. and FHC Bordeaux SAS which as at 31 August 2018 totalled £1,509,696 (see note 27). Final settlement of the deferred consideration and interest to the 14 March 2019 was agreed at £1,848,194. Put options have been exercised to purchase the 10% of shares held by CBB JV S.à.r.l., for both properties and agreed at £488,843. A total of £2,337,037 was agreed as owing to CBB JV S.à.r.l. as at 14 March 2019.

Crosslane Fund Managers LLP agreed fees and expenses due under the Promoters Fees agreement (see note 6) less the amount due to the Fund by Crosslane Fund Managers LLP shown in note 27 for a net fee of £671,545.

Prime Student Living Limited, Prime Student Living Deutschland S.à.r.l. and other property operating companies agreed fees and expenses totalling £204,070 to the 14 March 2019.

Unaudited Portfolio Statement

| | 2018 | 2018 | 2017 | 2017 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | % of net asset value | Carrying amount £ | % of net asset value | Carrying amount £ |
| Completed investment property: | | | | |
| Anchor Road, Bristol, England | | | | |
| Property | 35.36% | 12,879,751 | 31.32% | 12,694,500 |
| Loan | (17.50%) | (6,375,576) | (16.40%) | (6,646,477) |
| | 17.86% | 6,504,175 | 14.92% | 6,048,023 |
| Vauxhall Road, Liverpool, England | | | | |
| Property | 56.22% | 20,475,000 | 50.91% | 20,631,000 |
| Loan | (31.84%) | (11,595,870) | (29.69%) | (12,032,003) |
| | 24.38% | 8,879,130 | 21.22% | 8,598,997 |
| St Lawrence, Bristol, England | | | | |
| Property | 58.60% | 21,342,750 | 52.35% | 21,216,000 |
| Loan | (33.30%) | (12,130,368) | (31.24%) | (12,660,933) |
| | 25.30% | 9,212,382 | 21.11% | 8,555,067 |
| Oldenburg, Germany | | | | |
| Property | 11.08% | 4,036,146 | 11.19% | 4,537,081 |
| Loan | (6.63%) | (2,414,266) | (6.27%) | (2,540,418) |
| | 4.45% | 1,621,880 | 4.92% | 1,996,663 |
| Osnabruck, Germany | | | | |
| Property | 16.86% | 6,141,582 | 17.27% | 6,998,783 |
| Loan | (10.36%) | (3,772,876) | (9.80%) | (3,970,023) |
| | 6.50% | 2,368,706 | 7.47% | 3,028,760 |
| Chambery, France | | | | |
| Property | 20.27% | 7,382,128 | 21.10% | 8,553,070 |
| Loan | - | - | - | - |
| | 20.27% | 7,382,128 | 21.10% | 8,553,070 |
| Bordeaux, France | | | | |
| Property | 21.78% | 7,932,511 | 23.10% | 9,361,659 |
| Loan | - | - | - | - |
| | 21.78% | 7,932,511 | 23.10% | 9,361,659 |
| Total completed investment property after deducting financing | 120.54% | 43,900,912 | 113.84% | 46,142,239 |
| Other net liabilities | (20.53%) | (7,478,481) | (13.84%) | (5,614,248) |
| | 100.00% | 36,422,431 | 100.00% | 40,527,991 |